BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

R. B. BARGER, PROPRIETOR. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1870. VOL. 2, NO. 25.

THE REPUBLICAN.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte, Pa., by

R. B. BARGER & CO.,

at the following rates:

One year (invariably in advance).....	$2.00
Six Months.....	1.00
Three Months.....	50
Single Copies.....	05

It is Republican in politics—devoted to the Agricultural, Manufacturing and Mining interests of Central Pennsylvania.

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts., per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts., per line for each insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8.00 per annum.

Advertisements of 10 lines, or less, $1.00 for one insertion, and 5 cts., per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
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Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes, Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to R. B. BARGER & Co., Publishers, Bellefonte, Pa.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Bellefonte.

Presbyterian Church, Spring street, services at 11 a. m., and 7½ p. m. Rev. W. T. Wylie, pastor. Until the new church is finished this congregation will meet in the Court House.

Methodist Episcopal Church, High street, services 10½ a. m., and 7½ p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday night. Rev. James Mullin, pastor.

Lutheran Church, High street. Services at 10 1-2 a. m., and 7 1-2 p. m. Rev. Mr. Hackenberg, pastor.

Episcopal Church, services are now held in the German Reformed Church, on Linn street. Rev. Byron McGann, pastor. Lecture every Thursday evening in the room over E. & E. Blanchard's law office.

Reformed Church, Linn st., no pastor at present.

Catholic Church, Bishop street, services 10½ a. m., and 8 p. m. Rev. T. McGovern, pastor.

United Brethren Church, High street, west side of creek; services ——

African M. E. Church, west side of creek; services at 11 a. m., and 7½ p. m. Rev. Isaac Pitcell, Pastor.

Young Men's Prayer Meeting every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, in the room over E. & E. Blanchard's law office.

Congregational Prayer Meeting, every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in the same place.

Milesburg.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Services every Sunday. Every alternate Sunday at 10½ o'clock, a m, and 7½ p m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday Evening at 7½ o'clock. Bible class every Tuesday evening at 7½ o'clock.—Rev. J W Cleaver, Pastor.

Presbyterian Church. Services every other Sunday at 11 o'clock, a m., and 7½ p. m. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock. Sunday School Teachers meeting every Friday evening. Sunday School every Sunday at 9 o'clock. Rev W O Wright, pastor.

Baptist Church. Services every Sunday. Sunday School every Sunday at 9, a. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clk. No pastor at present.

LODGE DIRECTORY.

Bellefonte.

Bellefonte Temple, No. 92, of Honor and Temperance, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Bellefonte Masonic Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening of or before the Full Moon.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets second Friday of each month.

I. O. O. F. Centre Lodge, No. 153, meets every Thursday evening at their Hall, Bush's Arcade.

For the conferring of Degrees the 1st Saturday evening of each month.

For Degree of Rebecca, second Saturday of every month.

I. O. G. T.—This Lodge meets every Monday evening.

Y. M. C. A.—Regular meetings every Friday evening, at 7 o'clock. Reading Room open every evening.

Knights of Pythias—Meet in room on third floor of Loeb, May & Loeb's building every Monday evening.

Milesburg.

I. O. G. T., No. 126, meets every Saturday evening.

BAKERIES.

NEW BAKERY.

AND

CONFECTIONERY.

Bush's Arcade, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Z. GUDKYUNST.

Having opened a new and first-class Bakery and Confectionery, he is prepared to serve the public with good fresh

BREAD,
PIES,
CAKES,
COFECTIONS

and every thing in his line, at all times. His

ICE CREAM SALOON

will be open during the summer, and will be kept attractive by the very excelent Cream of all popular flavors, constantly on hand.

Pic Nics, private parties, &c., can be supplied with all kinds of Confections, Ice Cream, Cakes, and Fruit at very short notice.

v2n21-1y.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity, that he is prepared to furnish, daily,

CAKES OF ALL KINDS,
FRESH BREAD,
CANDIES,
SPICES,
FRUITS, NUTS,
&c., &c.,

and everything and anything belonging to the business. During the summer season an elegant

ICE CREAM SALOON

will be opened for the accommodation of Ladies and gentlemen. Having had years of experience in the business, he is confident of giving satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

aug4'69-1y J. H. SANDS.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY AND FANCY STORE.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Bellefonte, and of Centre County, that she has opened a large and extensive stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS

in the store room recently occupied by G. Livingston. Her goods are all new and were purchased for cash and she is therefore prepared to sell at reduced prices. Her experience in the business warrants her in saying that the Ladies of Bellefonte or elsewhere, will save time and money by visiting her store before purchasing. The latest style and fashion plates can alway be seen at the store.

MRS. PATTIE BAER

my12'69-1y.

FOR SALE.—The Undersigned offer for Sale at the Wallace Run Tannery situated near Milesburg Centre co. Pa., 1,000 hus. of good long slaughter—hide hair for plastering purposes.

SOMMERVILLE & DOWNING

v2n17-3m.

HOTELS.

CUMMINGS HOUSE,

Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa,

Convenient and suitable for Boarders and the Traveling Public.

Fare, reasonable, and on time. Especial attention paid to the wants of guests.

W. J. HOSTERMAN.
sept. 15, '69-tf. *Proprietor*

CONARD HOUSE.

ALLEGHANY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.
(Opposite the Brokerhoff House)

A HOTEL ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

Licensed by the Court of Centre County.

FIRST-CLASS BAR, AND RESTAURANT.

Persons desiring Meals and Lodging at fair rates can at all times be accomodated.

AN EXCELLENT BILLIARD ROOM, with three tables, new and in perfect condition, always open at proper hours, at usual rates, for the lovers of this pleasant and excellent game. Perfect order maintained in the House. Profanity and disorder promptly suppressed. Minors not allowed to frequent the Saloon nor to play without consent of Parents or Guardians.

H. H. KLINE,
jy 21'69. ly. Proprietor.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first class furniture, this well known and established house—the NATIONAL HOTEL, Millheim, Pa. He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servants are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.

JONATHAN KREMER,
jy14'69-1y. *Prop'r.*

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.

HOUSEAL & KROM, *Proprietors.*

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,
PROMPT ATTENDANCE.
ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES, AND REASONABLE CHARGES.

The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table well served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants well trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte on business or for pleasure. An OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS and baggage to and from all trains free of charge. my12'69-tf.

GARMAN'S HOTEL.

DAN'L GARMAN, *Prop'r.*

This long established and well known Hotel, situated on the southeast corner of the Diamond, opposite the Court House, having been purchased by the undersigned, he announces to the former patrons of this establishment and to the traveling public generally, that he has thoroughly refitted his house, and is prepared to render the most satisfactory accommodation to all who may favor him with their patronage. No pains will be spared on his part to add to the convenience or comfort of his guests. All who stop with him will find

HIS TABLE abundantly supplied with the most sumptuous fare the market will afford, done up in style, by the most experienced cooks.

HIS BAR will always contain the choicest of liquors.

HIS STABLING is best in town, and will always be attended by the most trustworthy and attentive hostlers.

Give him a call, one and all, and he feels confident that all will be satisfied with their accommodation.

AN EXCELLENT LIVERY

is attached to this establishment, which strangers from abroad will find greatly to their advantage. ja5'70.1y.

MISCEELANEOUS.

TO THE FARMERS OF CENTRE COUNTY

If you desire to purchase a combined

SELF-RAKING REAPER AND MOWER,

or a Simple

SELF RAKING REAPER or a SINGLE MOWER.

We earnestly request you to call on

J. R. ALEXANDER, BELLEFONTE

when you call See a Sample Machine (which is exactly the Same in every particular and is really the same we offer to place on your Farm on trial.) He will give you a descriptive pamplet which truthfully sets forth its many advantages over every other Machine in the market. we propose to briefly State below, of its good points, and as we mean

STRAIGHT FORWARD BUSINESS

we hereby agree that if you will examine the Machine closely and then find that any one Single Statement that we make, untrue, we will not ask you to Buy the Hubbard or even give it a trial, as

IT IS PLAIN AND SIMPLE.

We hope you will give it a trial as we were unable to Supply the demand for the past three years, we advise you to call soon and examine the

ONLY CHANGEABLE MOTION MACHINE IN THE WORLD,

from fast to Slow, on Slow to fast motion,

WITHOUT STOPPING THE MACHINE.

Also examine our new arrangement for Lowering and Raising our Cutter Barr while the Machine is in motion.

Both drive wheels exert Power on Stow as well as fast motion either drive wheel will drive the Knife alone yet Both are Practically Continuous.

JAS. R. ALEXANDER,
n2v18-3m. Agent.

DANIEL WELCH, Late Examiner in the Pension Office. ISAAC H. WUNDERLY,

DANIEL WELCH & CO.,

CLAIM AGENTS REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

Office, No. 513 7th St., opposite the Post Office.

Address Lock Box 192.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Prompt attention given to Pension, Back Pay, Bounty and Prize Claims, Patents, and all other claims before the Executive Departments. Special attention given to the purchase of Real Estate.

REFERS BY PERMISSION, TO

His Excellency JOHN W. GEARY, Gov. of Penn'a
Hon. JOSEPH CASEY, Chief Justice of the Court of Claims.
Hon. JOHN SCOTT, United States Senator.
Hon. Jos. H. BARRETT, late Commissioner of Pensions.
Col. D. L. EATON, Actuary National Freedmen's Bank.
E. C. HUMES, Esq., President 1st National Bank, Bellefonte, Pa. v2n19-tf.

LAMPS, every variety and kind at IRWIN & WILSON'S

NAILS, all sizes and kinds, at IRWIN WILSON'S

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS.

R. B. BARGER & CO'S. Job Printing Office, "Humes' Building," Allegheney St., Bellefonte, Penn'a. Every Description of Plain and Fancy printing done in the neatest manner, and at prices below city rates. ja5'70.

BELLEFONTE MEAT MARKET,

BISHOP STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

The oldest Meat Market in Bellefonte. Choice meat of all kinds always on hand.
v1n1-tf B. V. BLACK.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain.—Perfumery, Hair Oils, Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand.
ja12'70.1y.

NOTARY PUBLIC,

R. C. Cheesman, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messes Bush & Yocum.

JEREMIAH FASIC,

HOUSE & FURNITURE PAINTER

Paper Hanger and Sign Painter.

All kinds of Graining and Fancy Painting done to order at the lowest rates and in the best style. Orders left at Irwin & Wilson's Hardware store will receive immediate attention. sept.22'68-1y.

CONSUMPTION.

Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh cured by *inhalation*. *Abbott's Inhaling Fluid* is the only remedy known that operates on the lungs—dissolves the tubercles, which are thrown off, the cavities heal, and a cure is effected. Treatment by letter or in person can be had only of

Q. VAN HUMMELL, M. D., 16 West Fourteenth St., N. Y. aug4'69-1y.

J. P. ODENKIRK,

WITH

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & COMPANY,

No. 104, NORTH THIRD ST., PHILA.

Two Doors above Arch, formerly 226,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN Carpets, Oil Cloths, Oil Shades, Wick Yarn, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chains, Grain Bags, Window Paper, Batting, &c.

Also, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE. Brooms, Brushes, Looking Glasses, &c., jy21'69-1y.

ARCADE SALOON.

GEO. M. PECK, *Proprietor.*

hereby inform my friends and the public generally that I continue to keep the

ARCADE SALOON,

in Bush's Block, adjoining Howell, Gilliland & Co's. Store. Meals can be obtained at ALL HOURS during the day. Oysters, the very best, cooked in every style. Meals provided for Regular Boarders when ordered, and at reasonable rates. Thankful to the public for past favors, the continuation of the same is respectfully solicited.
f 17'69.1y. G. M. PECK.

REMOVAL!

THEO. DESCHNER, GUNSMITH.

Has removed to the Store room, known as No. 5. Bush's Arcade, Next to Zimmerman Bro's & Co., Store

A complete Stock of

REVOLVERS, GUNS, FISHING TACKLE

KEYS, AMMUNITION,

BASE BALLS, BATS, and general SPORTING GOODS, just opening out

Guns made to order, and repaired and warranted. aug1'69-1y.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Felty's New Building, opposite Buck's Arcade,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Having just received from Philadelphia, a large stock of Broad Cloth, Cassimers, and and extensive variety of Spring and Summer Goods, I am prepared to furnish my friends and customers, the very best at the most reasonable prices.

My thanks are due those who have patronized me for many years, and a cordial invitation is hereby extended the public generally, to call and examine my Goods and Prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am also prepared, at all times, to make up Goods furnished by customers. All suits warranted to fit.
v2n19-1y. W. S. TRIPPLE.

A SCHOOL IN THE MOUNTAINS,

AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

For 30 Boarding Boys.

Terms $300. per year.

House thoroughly carpeted.

Heated, and lighted with gas.

Rooms furnished for two pupils.

Each. Gymnasium convenient.

Tried and capable teachers in all the department. Parents wishing to send THEIR SONS WHERE THEIR WILL BE No necessity for change TILL THEIR EDUCATION IS COMPLETED, are invited to visit this institution Session re-opens Jan 10-1870.

Address, Rev. J. P. HUGHES, Principal.
jy5'70-tf.

GEORGE BLYMYER.....ANDREW BLYMYER
JACOB C. BLYMYER.....JOE. P. BLYMYER.

MILROY WAREHOUSE.

GEORGE BLYMYER & SON'S,

having taken possession of the Warehouse at

MILROY, MIFFLIN COUNTY, PENN.,

beg leave to announce to the citizens of Centre county that they are prepared to buy

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN

AT THE

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES.

SALT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

COAL AND PLASTER ALWAYS ON hand. Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the same.
jy14'69.tf.

JAMES H. RANKIN. Attorney-at-Law. S. M. IRWIN

RANKIN & IRWIN,

REAL ESTATE

AND

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS

No. 3, Armory Building, Bellefonte, Pa.

Represent the following Companies:

	CAPITAL STOCK
Ætna Fire, Hartford Conn,.....	$5,502,886.19
Home Fire, New York,.....	2,000,000
Putnam Fire, Connecticut,.....	500,000
Guardian Fire and Marine, Phil'a,...	500,000
Wyoming Fire, Wilkesbarre, capital and surplus,.....	170,000
Lancaster city and county, Lancaster, Penn'a,.....	200,000

ÆTNA LIFE.

Assets over,.....	$10,000,000
Annual Income,.....	6,000,000
Surplus,.....	2,000,000
Losses paid in 1868,..Three-Fourths of a Million Dollars.	
Dividends over,.....One-Half of a Million Dollars.	
Life Insurance on all plans.	

mar24'69.1y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja6'69-1y.

JAMES H. RANKIN, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Armory Building, 2nd floor. v2n1-1y.

THOMAS R. HAYES, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office over Beckman office. Residence at the Bush House.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v2n1-1y.

H. S. M'ALLISTER.....JAMES A. BEAVER.
M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v2n1-1y.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v2-n1-1y.

W. W. BROWN, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. v2n1-1y.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG.....SAMUEL LINN.
ARMSTRONG & LINN, Attorneys at Law, Williamsport, Pa., will attend, promptly, to all business entrusted to their care. v1n27-1y.

WM. J. KELSH, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Deeds, Bonds, &c., executed in the best style. v2n10-1y.

URIAH STOVER, Licensed Auctioneer, will attend to all sales entrusted to his care.—Charges reasonable; address, Uriah Stover, Housersville, Centre county, Pa. v2n1-tf.

AUGUSSUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v1n25-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promtly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v2n4-1y.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v2n2-1y.

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r
CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v2n2-1y.

WM. H. BLAIR.....R. Y. STITZER.
BLAIR & STITZER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Can be consulted in both the English and German languages. Office on the Diamond, next door to Garman's Hotel. v2n4-y.

JOHN P. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Collections promptly made and special attention given to those having lands or property for sale. Will draw up deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Mortgages, &c. Office opposite the Court House, near the old jail. oct1'69-tf.

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs. Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-1y

D. G. BUSH.....GEO. M. YOCUM.
BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office, the east corner of the Diamond, in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v2n4-1y.

DR. R. D. TIPPLE, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, continues to practice his profession as heretofore, and expects to in the future notwithstanding. Office in First National Bank Building, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. Prompt attention paid to professional calls. sep22'69-1y.

WM. BROWN, Licensed Auctioneer, hereby informs the public that he holds himself in readiness at all times, to attend to all Auctions, Vendues, or Public Sales of personal or Real Estate. Charges reasonable. Call on, or address, William Brown, Bellefonte, Pa. mar16'70-1y

DR. L. M. HOLLOWAY, after having practiced in partnership with his brother, Dr. J. R. Holloway, for three years at Nittany Hall, has no located at Jacksonville, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Nittany and Bald Eagle Valley's. Office opposite the Hotel. v2n26.6m.

WM. P. WILSON.....A. J. HUTCHISON.
WILSON & HUTCHISON, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Centre County, Pa. Collections, and all other legal business, in Centre and adjoining counties, promptly attended to. Office in Blanchard's Law Building, Allegheny Street. v2n1-1y.

G. E. CHANDLER, M. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, Bellefonte, Pa. Office 2nd floor over Harper Hive's Store. Residence at the Office. REFERENCES: Hon. C. A. Mayer, President Judge, Lock Haven, Pa; Hon. L. A. Mackey, President First National Bank; H. C. Whaley, of the Clinton Democrat, Lock Haven, Pa; E. D. Mackey, teller 1st Nat'l Bank, Lock Haven Pa., and others. sep29-1y

JOHN D. WINGATE, D. D. S., Dentist, Corner Bishop and and Spring sts., Bellefonte, Pa. Thankful for past favors would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has the right to use Dr. L. Stuck's patent improvement in dental plates for Centre county. That this is an improvement we have the written testimony of some of the best and most talented dentists in the United States. Office rights for sale. v2n11-y

JOHN H. ORNIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER.
ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street.

J. P. GEPHART,

WITH

ORVIS & ALEXANDER,

attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v2n1-1y

A. B. HUTCHISON,

MILITARY CLAIM AGENT,

Bellefonte, Penn'a.

Bounties, Pensions, Back Pay, and all sorts of Government Claims promptly collected at fair charges. v2n14-1y.

ED. H. KINSLOE, General Insurance and Real Estate Agent. Office on Allegheny street, over Crohan & Son's Boot & Shoe Store, Bellefonte, Pa.

Policies issued in reliable Life and Fire Insurance Companies.

General Agents for Centre county of the Great Western Mutual Life and reliable Fire Insurance Company. Dec8'69-1y.

S. BELFORD, D. D. S., Practical Dentist; office in Armory Building, over Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store, Allegheny St. Dr. B. is a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, and respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity.—Can be found at his residence except during the first Monday of each month. apr14'69-1y

J. W. RHONE, DENTIST, Boalsburg Centre Co., Pa., most respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to execute any description of work in his profession. Satisfaction rendered, and rates as moderate as may be expected. Will be found in his office during the week, commencing on the first Monday of each month, and at such other times as may be agreed upon. ja12'70.1y.

INSURANCE—LIFE & FIRE.—Joseph A. Rankin of this Borough, insures property for the following Stock and Mutual companies, viz: Lycoming Mutual, York Company, Pa., Insurance of North America, Enterprise, and Girard of Phila., Pa., Home, of New Haven, and any *other* reliable company desired. Also, Provident Life Company of Phil'a., and other good Life Companies. ja5'70.1y.

J. F. HOLAHAN, Physician and Surgeon, having removed from Emporium, Cameron county, has located in Millesburg, Centre county, Pa., where he will faithfully attend to all business entrusted to him in his Profession. Office in his residence on Main St., where he can always be seen unless professionally engaged. In his absence from home, orders may be left at the store of Thos. Holahan. mar9'70-1y.

ABSOLUTE Divorces legally obtained in New-York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M. HOUSE, Attorney,
No. 78 Nassau St., New York City.
v2n12-3m.

Select Poetry.

ONE GLASS TOO MUCH.

"Oh, no! he has drank one glass too much!
So I hear the jeering rabble say,
As a young man from the bar-room door
Goes reeling forth down the drinkar's way!
And I wonder—as he staggers on—
How many, many thousands such,
The same dark road to ruin have gone,
By drinking just "one glass too much!"

A maiden sits at the banquet board,
Her eyes aflame and her cheeks adush;
Her lips have quaffed of the fiery draught
That drives her pulse in a feverish gush.
Now she can laugh at the ribald jest;
She shrinks not from the lecherous touch;
The sentinel sleeps in that maiden's breast;
Alas! she has sipped "one glass too much."

A pilot stands at the quivering helm,
While the waves with fierce and angry roar,
Are drifting his bark, through storm and dark,
To rocks that frown on a dangerous shore.
In vain do his nerviess, tremulous hands
With 'wildered clasp the tiller-rope clutch,
A wreck on the rocks, a corpse on the sands,
That sailor had drank "one glass too much."

A thousand patriots carry their flag—
In the fight for freedom—bold and high;
With a lofty courage they're forcing back
The legions that strike at liberty;
And a shout of triumph almost peals—
The coveted prize they almost touch—
When, ah! from his horse their captain reels,
And the day is lost by "one glass too much."

"One glass too much!" aye, tell me who can,
How long may the reckless tippler pass
The poisonous drop to his thirsty lips,
And still escape from the fatefal glass?
Young man, so strong in a generous pride,
Fair maiden, so blessed with beauty's touch;
O, tamper not with the tempting tide!
The very *first* glass is "the glass too much!"

Choice Miscellany.

THE UNEXPECTED RIVAL.

BY KATE CLAIR.

Brightly glowed the fire in the polished grate, and brilliant flashed the light from a dozen gas jets, throwing through crimsoned curtained windows a rich glow upon the snow covered pavement without; speaking to the weary-hearted, toilworn children of poverty, passing by their cheerless home, of warmth and comfort and blessings which might never be theirs.

Within that curtained room, where nought seemed wanting of beauty or luxury, a young girl stood behind the drapery, gazing out into the stormy night, and tapping her little foot impatiently on the door, while an expression of angry discontent shadowed a face perfect in its outline and coloring, marring sadly its otherwise exquisite lovelliness.

The snow fell thick and fast, and but few pedestrians were abroad; none but those who were compelled by necessity to brave the chilling blast and blinding storm.

Suddenly, with a gesture of vexation and disappointment, she dashed the folds of crimson, and advanced to the fireside, exclaiming:

"It is provoking—intolerably provoking. Here I have been watching for that girl one hour. What does she mean by this delay? I shall be raging! I am disappointed of my dress this evening of all others."

"Why, surely, Ella, you are not going out in this tempest?" said a noble-looking, silver-haired man, who entered the room, just in time to catch her words.

"Indeed, but I am, Guardy. Doctor Hunter is coming for me to go to Mrs. Eriston's ball, and I would not miss it for the world. I am determined to crown me reigning belle of the season by bringing him to my feet, if possible, before the dawn of another day. He is the best match in the city, and I mean to secure him at once. The girls are crazy about him, and I long to triumph over them."

"You speak confidently," said Mr. Revere, "so I shall expect to wake up in the small hours of the morning with tidings of success."

Turn we now to another home, the abode of poverty, where Mary Grey, the young seamstress, is bending over her work, a richly-embroidered dress, whose silver lillies of the valley, with richly tinted blue-bells, are artistically wrought to graceful patterns on a ground-work of white silk. It is the dress for which the beautiful heiress is waiting—the dress in which she expected to capture the best match in the city.

Very lovely is Mary Gray; though no rose bud tint blooms on the pure white of her complexion—very lovely, though he glorious eyes, shaded by long silken lashes, are dimed with watching and tears. Her fingers fly nimbly over her task, nearly completed, the payment for which is to bring needy supplys to those who, for two days, have scarcely tasted food—her invalid mother, and little sister Lucy, who is now nesting her feet, crying with hunger. The work is completed at last; and Mary, drawing the child fondly to her side, says, soothingly:

"Hush, darling, hush; sister is going to take home the dress, and bring you a nice little feast! Twenty-five dollars we'll have for this, won't we be rich, my pet?"

Tears filled her eyes; but she brushed them hastily away, as a well-known rap at the door was heard, followed by the entrance of an elegant-looking man; who, holding out his hand to Mary, said, pleasantly:

"I am earlier than usual this evening; but I am obliged to escort a fair lady to a ball at 10 o'clock, and thought I would look in on my patient before making my toilet."

"Oh, Doctor, how can I thank you for your kindness?" said Mary, raising her sparkling eyes to his face, but dropping them again instantly, as she met the warm gaze of admiration in his, while crimson blushes brightened her face into new beauty.

"Mother is worse, I fear, doctor," said Mary, "She seems quite exhausted this evening."

"Has she had proper nourishment to-day?"

"Mamma has had nothing to eat to-day, doctor," broke in Lucy; "and sister and I haven't had anything either, but dry bread; and we are very hungry; but sister is going to get some money to-night."

"Hush, Lucy!" said Mary, while a painful look of embarrassment fell upon her before bright countenance. "Doctor, excuse her; she talks too fast."

An anxious, inquiring gaze rested on her; and, in a voice trembling with emotion, the doctor exclaimed:

"Mary, is it, indeed, so?"

She bent her head in assent; but, after a moment of silence, found voice to say:

"I shall have money to-night."

Giving but a glance at his patient, whose pale face spoke of suffering and want, even in sleep, he left hastily. And Mary followed her work; and, carefully placing at her mother's side the medicine she might need on waking, at the same time charging little Lucy to stay by her in her absence, she started out in the fierce storm to carry the dress to the heiress, who sat chafing at her delay.

Mary's father had once been rich; but, crushed by adversity, he died, and left his family poor, and his wife an invalid.

Dr. Hunter had known them in their days of prosperity, and on his return from the continent, a month previous to our story, had sought them out, and offered his services gratuitously—an offer gratefully accepted. He knew they were poor; but never, until Lucy's revelation, had he dreamed of the extent of that poverty. Her loveliness had made a deep impression on his heart; and when he left them that night, it was with the resolve to shield her in future, under his protecting love, from all life's cares and hardships.

It was, indeed, a fierce storm that Mary was to encounter on her way to Mr. Revere's splendid mansion, and her progress was necessarily slow.

As, chilled by the stinging blast, and blinded by the snow, she staggered up the steps of the handsome mansion, and rang the bell, a sleigh dashed up to the door, and, when it was opened to the girl, a gentleman alighted, ran lightly, up passing in ere it was closed, and saying to the servant:

"I will wait for Miss. Ella in the drawing-room."

Mary started. She knew the voice of Dr. Hunter, and, not wishing to be recognized, drew her hood closely around her face.

"Poor girl; what a night for a woman to be abroad," said the doctor.

He little dreamed who he was pitying.

Directed by the servant, Mary tapped lightly at the door to the opposite room. It was opened by Ella Raymond, in a towering rage, her face distorted by passion.

"So you have come at last," she exclaimed angrily; "two hours behind time. I did think, Mary Grey, you were poor enough to have that one virtue, punctuality."

"I am sorry I have disappointed you, Miss. Raymond. I have sat up three nights, until daybreak, to complete it in time; but my mother has been very ill, and needed my care, which must be my excuse."

Dr. Hunter, in the drawing-room, caught the silvery accents, and—forgive him, reader—listened.

"What is your mother's sickness to me? You promised the dress at seven; now it is nine. Your excuse is a poor one."

"Believe me, I regret it; but it was impossible for me to be earlier. You will oblige me, as I am in haste, if you will now pay me for it and let me go."

"Pay you, indeed! No, I. I'll punish you for your tardiness. I'll teach you to make promises and break them. Just as many hours as you have kept me waiting for my dress, so many days will I keep you out of your money."

"Oh, Miss. Raymond, you will not—you cannot be so cruel! My mother is ill, and needs nourishment; my little sister is starving; and I depend on this twenty-five dollars from you to supply their wants. I must have the money."

"Not from me," said Ella, with a taunting laugh, as she shut the door in her face, and turned into the room to admire the exquisite garment.

Faint from want of food, and crushed by her disappointment, Mary left the abode of wealth, not knowing where to look for help in her trouble. On the pavement, still bright with the rich tint from the crimson curtains, she slipped and fell, insensible. Strong arms raised her tenderly, and lifted her into the fur-lined sleigh at the door, and swiftly it sped homeward. Her fit of insensibility produced by exhaustion and distress, was a long one, and when she awoke to consciousness, warmth and light were round her, while at a table on which was spread a comfortable meal, sat famished little Lucy, eating to her heart's content—her head was pillowed on the breast of Dr. Hunter, his arms enfolding her. Blushingly she sought to withdraw from his embrace, but, bending over her, he whispered:

"No, darling, lie still; close to my heart; sheltered by my love. No more poverty, no more sorrow, if you will only give me the right to shelter you from it, dear one."

Trembling with happiness unspeakable, Mary hid her face against his shoulder; but, gently turning it towards him, he looked down into the depth of her wonderful eyes, and reading there how fully his love was returned, pressed a fervent kiss upon her lips, and, rising, led her to her mother, for the consent to, and blessing on their union.

The clock struck ten, and the doctor said, with a fond glance at Mary.

"I must leave you now, to keep my appointment with the heiress. She must display my darling's work at the ball to-night, or die of vexation."

The expectant fair one waited half an hour for the tardy escort, but no look of anger on her beautiful face—no discordant notes marred the harmony of the soft sweet tones with which she chided Dr. Hunter for his want of punctuality.

It was but one month since the night of Mrs. Eriston's ball. In that time Dr. Hunter had bought and furnished an elegant residence of Fifth Avenue. He was weary on single life, he told his friends, and was preparing a cage for the bird of his choice. Invitations were out of a grand house-warming, at which the world would know the select bride of the best match in the city.

Every one fixed their eyes on the belle of the season, and were confident that the charming heiress, to whom, of late, he had been paying marked attention, was the envied one.

"He will certainly propose to-night, Guardy," said she to Mr. Revere, as she stood before the glass arranging her graceful ringlets, "you will not have me on your hands much longer."

"Disappointed once, Ella," he answered, "you may be again. Still, you may wake me if you come home engaged to Dr. Hunter."

The rooms were crowded as Ella, superbly dressed, swept into the splendid hall she expected soon to call her own. Many curious eyes were turned upon her as she passed with queenly grace into the reception room, and reached the spot where the host stood, with a lady beside him, in bridal attire, "lovely as a poet's dream.

She started and turned pale; but, recovering her self-possession, advanced, while he, holding out his hand, greeted her as a friend, then, leading her gently forward, he presented her to his bride.

Stupefied, she gazed at the face of Mary Gr

THE REPUBLICAN.

R. B. BARGER,.....PROPRIETOR.
W. W. BROWN,.....EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Wednesday Morning, June 22, 1870.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

The Bellefonte REPUBLICAN and the "American Agriculturist."

We are now prepared to offer the people of Centre county, a Great Bargain for the coming year. It is this: To every subscriber who will send us $3.00 in advance, we will send the

BELLEFONTE "REPUBLICAN,"

and the

'AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST,'

for one year. Of the REPUBLICAN we need not speak at present.

The *American Agriculturist* is a work that no farmer nor housekeeper should be without. As a farm-journal we think it has no superior in the world—certainly none in the United States. It is issued monthly, and the subscription price is $1.50 per annum. By clubing with the REPUBLICAN you save fifty cents, and secure more good reading matter than you can obtain in any other way for the same money.

We hope the reading public will avail themselves of this very liberal offer.

MATERIAL FOR SALE!

Having purchased the "Bellefonte National" Printing office, for the purpose of consolidating with the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, we now offer for sale a complete out-fit for a country newspaper office, including one Liberty Job Press, Stands, Cases, Stones, &c., &c., all of which we will sell at remarkably low prices, for cash or good paper.

We ask it as a special favor that our contemporaries make a note of this or copy it one time.

R. B. BARGER,
Propietor Bellefonte Republican.

WHO ARE FRIENDS?

James Freeman Clarke, in some recent reminiscence of Geo. D. Prentice, tells this story, illustrating his manner of retorting on the lumbering attempts at smartness by some of his opponents:

A Democratic paper having mentioned that a Jackass had fallen from a precipice, and broke its neck, added: "That jackass which turned "such a somerset must have been a Whig." To which Prentice rejoined: "No Whig, who is not "a jackass, would turn a somerset in times like "these—when the Whigs are carrying everything "before them."

This witty retort may furnish some good material for thought to a small handful—*a very small handful*—of men in the Republican ranks who are constantly clamoring for reform on the part of the Republican party, and who are constantly finding fault with the actions of our present Congress.

Republicans, working men, farmers, mechanics of Centre county—of Pennsylvania, remember that the Republican party is, and has been the workingman's friend. Remember that the Republican party put down the slave holder's rebellion, and saved the Nation's life, in spite of the opposition, treason and disloyalty of the present Democratic party. Remember that the Republican party has done more in the last twelve years for the whole country—for liberty, and for workingmen, than the Democratic party accomplished in the sixty years of its almost uninterrupted ascendency.

With these incontrovertible truths of history before us, what Republican—what working man would be so foolish as to turn a "somerset" now, and aid to elect copperheads and Southern sympathisers to the State Senate, or to the National Congress?

Workingmen of Centre county, close up the ranks. Stand by your friends. Stand by the party which sustained the Government in its darkest hour. Stand by the party which sustained you, when you bore your musket in the front, fighting for liberty, and the dear old flag.—Stand by the party which gave every Pennsylvania soldier a vote while in the army, and rebuke the party who opposed it, and thereby declared that a Union soldier was no better than a negro slave. Turn no "somersets" now, we implore you; but stand by your guns—your Union Republican principles until we have the Government fully restored, and the Democratic rebellion fully settled.

PENNSYLVANIA'S CHOICE.

We see that the people are beginning to look around for a successor to President Grant. In a government like ours —one in which the people are the sovereigns—this is right and proper.

While it may be true that Gen. Grant pledged himself to one term in the Presidential chair, nevertheless, if the people want him for a second term, his pledge would not be much in the way, nor should it be. A faithful public servant is in the hands of the people. He must obey their wishes. He must, pledge or no pledge, submit to the well-expressed will of the public. If President Grant continues as he has commenced, in reducing the national debt, and in general principles of economy, retrenchment and reform, in our opinion, the people will, with one voice, declare in favor of his re-nomination and re-election.

If this should be so, we are confident President Grant would not decline, no matter what may be the character of pledges made prior to that time. We think no man should, or has a right to decline the Presidency, when it is tendered to him by a confiding people, and we are satisfied that Gen. Grant will agree with us in this opinion; but, if he should differ with us—if he should see proper to decline a re-nomination to the Presidential chair, then it is nothing more than right and proper that we commence in time to select from the numerous good men in our organization a fit man as his successor, one who can lead us to victory and glory, and one in whom the people of the United States, irrespective of party could, and would, all have confidence.

Many Pennsylvanians, as we learn from a communication in the Washington, (D. C.,) *Evening Star*, of Thursday, June 16th, have expressed their determination to press the claims of Gen. Jno. W. Geary, our present pure, bold and independent Governor, as the next candidate for the Presidency. The communication reads as follows:

Editor of the Star:

As President Grant Pledged himself, both before and after his election, to *one term*, it would not be improper to look around for a successor. In that connection, we know of no man now living, in whom are so fully combined all the elements necessary to constitute a suitable Chief Magistrate for this government as John W. Geary, present Governor of Pennsylvania. It is due to him, and to Pennsylvania, that he be brought forward by his many friends as our next Republican candidate for the Presidency.

MANY PENNSYLVANIANS.

June 16, 1870.

Gov. Geary has made a most excellent Governor, and has the full confidence of the people. We have no doubt he would make an independent, fearless and just President; one of whom every Pennsylvanian, and every citizen of the United States might well feel proud.

CURRENCY.—Congress has again taken up the currency question, and we look for good results before that body adjourns. We will publish, next week, a strong speech on that subject, by our faithful and most excellent member, Hon. Wm. H. Armstrong.

A FAITHFUL SERVANT.

We publish on our first page Gov. Geary's appeal to the people of Pennsylvania. It is a timely document, and proves how faithful a public servant we have in our present excellent Governor. He is determined that the Constitution shall not be violated, and that the monies in the sinking fund shall be applied to the payment of the State debt.

We are glad that Governor Geary has issued this address, because its hows to the people of the State the efforts made by monopolies to rob them of their money, in a plainer and more forcible manner than it could have been shown them in any other way. In this appeal the Governor makes an issue, and all the people of the State must take one side or the other. Will the people sustain the Governor in his efforts to save the public money, and to pay off the State debt, or will they aid the monopolies and corporations of the State—aided by corrupt and purchasable men to rob and plunder the people—the tax-payers—at will?

This question is well put by a correspondent of the *Beaver Radical*. "Indeed," he says, "this question can only be settled at the polls, whether or not the resources of the whole people are to be applied to the furtherance of enterprises controlled by close corporations, to the exclusion of the public creditor, and the payment of the public debt."

This is the issue which Gov. Geary makes. He opposes no local interest, nor does he seek to interfere with invested capital. As Chief Magistrate, it is as much his duty to advise the people through the medium of an address on the subject of how they shall proceed to protect their interest and maintain their rights, as it is part of his labor to communicate annually to the representatives of the people on matters which are to come before them for legislative disposal. Surely no honest journalist, having at heart the welfare of the State, in whose interest he desires to have it popularly understood he labors, could, or would, object to such action from the Executive. He merely does his duty when he seeks to instruct the people to beware of the repetition of a great public outrage, in so far as the attempt to take nine million five hundred thousand dollars out of the sinking fund may be thus characterised.

THE DEMOCRACY AND THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

We clip the following strong, sensible and truthful article from the Pittsburg *Commercial*. We ask the people of Centre county to read and reflect:

"Opposition to the Fifteenth Amendment, and clamor for its repeal, enters into the minds of certain leading Democrats as the issue on which to go before the people in the next Presidential election. The logical effect of such an issue would be to place squarely before the country the question: Will it return to the point from which it started when the rebellion was inaugurated? The amendment, like other measures, grew out of emancipation. Retire one step, and the country, if it act consistently, will return to slavery. It is the spirit that cried out in agony at emancipation which now proposes the taking of the first step backward. The New York Democracy have the honor of proposing the issue. The party there are perfect Bourbons—neither forgetting nor learning anything, notwithstanding the presence continually among them of the great victim, Horatio Seymour, who, in his devotion to slavery, would think it a wise thing to do to commit the party squarely to its speedy restoration. The Fifteenth Amendment doubtless grates on the feelings of the party, especially in New York city, where, on one occasion, burning negro hospitals, filled with negro children, shooting and hanging unoffending negroes and white men, by a wild mob of desperate characters, fresh from all quarters of the globe, constitutes the jewel of Democracy, and where the party majority is limited only by the requirements for overcoming decent citizens. It is precisely this aggregation of all that is bad from the four quarters of the globe that proposes to make opposition to the Fifteenth Amendment, a cardinal principle in the Democratic platform. If they can't burn and murder the negroes to extermination, they can, at any rate, run the party in the interest of the next thing to it. This idea of human rights means the right to slay, burn, and to vote for Horatio Seymour, or, on a pinch, Governor Hoffman. They are the law-givers and candidate-makers of the party, and we are only curious to see the Democracy of the country falling into line, and singing the psalms set to the music of murder, arson, and every crime learned in the most advanced schools of the world.

BEECH CREEK.

A Description of her Saw Mills---New Tannery, &c.

From the Lock Haven Republican.

Last week we paid another visit to the thriving little village of Beech creek.—As her principal trade is lumber, this is, of course, her busy season; the season for getting in a full supply of logs, for their manufacture into boards, shingles, lath, &c., and the shipment of her stock of well seasoned lumber cut last year. Within the scope of about three miles from the borough, along the stream of Beech creek, there are four mills, several of which are kept in operation both day and night, and of course give employment to quite a large number of workmen.

The most extensive of the above is the steam saw-mill of Messrs. Saylor, Day & Morey, situated about a quarter of a mile from the railroad depot, and about the same distance from the borough limits of Beech Creek. This mill gives employment at present to about forty-five men; runs three gangs—two round and one flat—with lath and planing mill, and is capable of manufacturing 70,000 feet of boards—of good average logs—per day. The engine used is 160 horse power. The pools for the reception of logs are quite extensive, and are capable of holding 12,000,000 feet; but as this season has been very unfavorable for getting in logs, they were comparatively empty, and it is believed that unless a rise in the creek soon occurs the present stock will be exhausted within three week's time. The facilities afforded at this mill for piling and shipping lumber are excellent.

The company have at present four extensive yards for piling—one at the depot, another at the head of the canal, and two situated within a few hundred yards of the mill, with railroad track leading to all. The cars used are run into the mill, and the moment the boards are manufactured, they are placed upon the cars, and conveyed to the different yards by mule teams attached for that purpose. The larger portion of the lumber shipped from this mill east is by canal. Boats are run up and loaded from the yard with but little labor; and, with the exception of keeping the canal in repair between that point and Flemington, the expense is merely a cypher.—The bridge across the Bald Eagle creek was erected by this company, some four years since, at an expense of over five thousand dollars, with the expectation that the township authorities would at least contribute in keeping up its repair, as it is also used by the general public. This expectation, however, pledged to a certain degree, has so far failed of fulfilment; and, unless the flooring is soon relaid, and other needed improvements made, serious accidents will undoubtedly result. At one place on this bridge —about thirty feet high—we noticed a hole large enough to admit the body of a good sized person. How the citizens can tolerate such a mantrap, where strangers are liable to injury, if no death, traveling to and from the depot from the 10 p. m. train, is more than we can explain. The land upon which the depot is located, we are told, was donated to the Bald Eagle Valley railroad company by Messrs. Taylor, Day & Morey. The mill above alluded to is under the control and skillful management of Messrs. Hess, Knecht & Miller, of Beech creek.

The next mill along this stream is situated about two or three hundred yards north of the borough, on the Centre county side—the creek being the dividing line—and is owned by Mr. J. Nestleroad. This mill is run entirely by water power—day and night—and gives employment to ten or twelve men. A lath and shingle mill is connected with its operations.

The mill situated about three miles further up, owned by Cline Quigley, gives employment to eight or ten men. It is also run by water power, with lath and shingle mill attached, and does quite a handsome business.

About half a mile still further up, the saw, lath and shingle mill of Messrs. Brown, Hastings & Co., is located.—This is the largest mill operated by water power on the stream, and gives employment to about fifteen men. A good wagon road leads from the turnpike to all the above mills.

The scarcity of logs seems a general complaint among the mill owners all along the streams. The creek commenced rising on Wednesday when quite a number of logs were sent down for several days, but on Friday a jam occurred at Salt Lick, which will again impede their course until a sufficient force is sent to reduce the jam. All along the banks men were stationed with long poles assisting the passage of the logs, while quite a number of persons—male and female—were busily engaged catching the driftwood which floated down, for their winter's fuel.

The town of Beech Creek improves slowly, but creditably. Within the space of a year, among its other improvements, a new steam tannery has been erected for the manufacture of all descriptions of light or upper leather, and commenced active operations about the middle of last March. This noteworthy improvement was designed and built by Mr. L. M. McKean—a citizen of that vicinity —who possesses a thorough knowledge of the tanning business, and whose enterprise and energy has won for him the cordial support of his numerous friends around him. This establishment, now under the firm name of M. L. McKean & Co., 30x70 feet, is situated about fifty yards from the public road, near the mill-race running to the main stream.—The engine used is of twenty-horse power, neatly and compactly put together, and the establishment is capable of turning out upwards of five thousand sides yearly. The system adopted for the tanning process is familiarly known among the curriers as the percolating system, in which Allen & Warren's patent leaches are used, each having a capacity of three and a-half cords ground bark. The water-tank used to supply these leaches, situated above them, on third floor, is estimated to hold sixty barrels.

The water is conveyed from the tank through small pipes to the sprinklers placed above the leaches, and by a slow and even process, the bark becomes thoroughly saturated, entirely obviating the necessity of returning the liquid, as required by the old plan. The bark mill room is located on the first flood, and possesses the facilities for grinding a cord every hour. As soon as the bark has passed through the mill it is carried up 25 feet in elevators. Oak bark only is used for tanning. The bark shed—30 x40 feet—adjoins the building, and is capable of piling 225 cords. The beam house—20x30 feet—is well arranged and fully supplied with first-class facilities for this necessary department of the tanning business. The tanning room is also well arranged. Water is forced by the engines from the mill race to this room at the rate of two hundred barrels per hour. The currying-room on the second floor is quite large, well ventilated, though not yet fully furnished.—Much more could be written of interest of its plan and workings, but for the present we will desist.

The new churches—the Presbyterian and M. E. Church—of this place are still unfinished. The former church, Rev. W. G. E. Agnew, pastor, is now being plastered, and, with the exception of putting in the seats, is completed. The building is large, and commodious, and reflects much credit on the small congregation who have pushed forward the work. The Sunday-school now numbers about seventy-five scholars. Services are held in the church every two weeks, at four o'clock in the afternoon.

The M. E. Church-building is finished also, with the exception of seats. This congregation is the largest in the place, and is said to be in quite a flourishing condition. Rev. S. W. Buckley is pastor. The Sunday-school numbers about one hundred and twenty-five scholars. Services are held in the church every Sabbath.

Christ's church, near Eagleville, is also a new structure, and unfinished. This congregation have no pastor at present; but it is expected that the Rev. W. A. Ridge will receive the call. A good board-walk has been laid by the citizens of Eagleville to the church, and it is also expected that another will shortly be made from the borough of Beechcreek, as the membership is largely represented at the latter place.

The mercantile establishment of Beechcreek seems to be doing little business at this time. A scarcity of greenbacks is experienced; sales are comparatively small, and their stock of goods large.

No liquor is now, nor has been sold in the borough since February last, which, we are told, has largely increased its sale in Eagleville, and is making tavern-keeping a profitable business in the latter place.

The scarlet fever has recently been very severe in both Beechcreek and Eagleville, as a sight of the newly-made graves in the burying-ground of the latter testify; but we believe the disease has almost disappeared for, perhaps, a new field for its ravages.

The crops through the valley are looking well, and promise a heavy yield.—Rye, six feet high, and out in blossom, can now be seen here, while the wheat is in excellent condition. Quite a large crop of fruit is expected.

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 10th, 1870.

DEAR COLONEL:—It has been over two months since I left "Old Centre," and I know I promised to write you very soon, but you know new associations sometimes have an influence which an occasional correspondent cannot control, which rules the destiny of man for the time being, and not unfrequently for the period of our natural existence. Then how well it would be for all to draw gradually around associations who will be a benefit, morally and mentally, so that it may be said, when we are about to leave this cold, unfeeling world, "I have done right."

I landed here on the evening of the 23d of March, and, of course, naturally sought a hotel, where I could refresh the inner man, after a very tedious ride of nearly one thousand miles. I stopped at the Sherman House, opposite the Union depot, and just here I would say to all my eastern friends that may have occasion to visit this city, stop at the Sherman.

I suppose that I have almost become acclimated. At least, my friends here tell me so. Within the last month I have met several Centre county boys, among whom are E. J. Burket, formerly of Rebersburg, and last, but not least, Mr. Hosterman, of hotel fame. He says Mr. Lipton is a gentleman. Mr. H., I believe, is now in St. Louis. May success attend him.

Well, Colonel, you cannot imagine a more beautiful city than Indianopolis.—I have traveled over this "Moral Vineyard" to some extent, and, as to beauty, I must give this city the preference, unless it is to Florence, Alabama. During my short residence, I have visited the Lunatic Asylum which is situated about four miles from the city, and a lovely spot it is. I was surprised to see so large an edifice. It is about 400x250 feet; is located in the midst of about 40 acres of land, beautifully laid out, and well filled with trees and shrubbery of all kinds.—I have been in a good many institutions of the kind in different States, but I never saw one that is kept in such perfect order. It is under the charge of Dr. Evarts, and, apparently, he has the respect and esteem of all the inmates.—The billiard-room seems to be quite an attraction to some. When I gazed upon, and spoke to some of those 160 poor unfortunates, the wreck of what was, perhaps, noble in men and women, I could not but think that it would be a blessing if an all-wise Creator would relieve them of their imaginations—take them from their now beautiful earthly home, to one where lunacy is not known.

The Almshouse I have also visited.—Although not quite completed, it will be an imposing edifice when up, and will cost $500,000. It has 200 inmates, is three miles from the city, and is under the charge of Dr. Wands, of this city.

The great beauty of our city is the way in which the dwellings are built, and the manner in which the grounds are laid out. The dwellings, as a general thing, are from three to four stories high—are brick, and back from the street about 40 feet. The streets, on either side, are beautifully shaded with Silver Maples, Locusts and Catalpia, and, I assure you, afford a pleasant promenade for those who cannot afford "a coach and four," (your humble servant, for instance.)

But I must speak of our great railway centre. Thirteen roads have their terminus in this city, and ninety-six passenger trains arrive daily, which, I assure you, make things lively about the Union Depot. The freight depots are in various parts of the city, and, of course, I cannot know anything of the business in that line, but it must be immense.

The State House is an institution of which Indiana cannot be proud; indeed it is a disgrace. It is very similar to the one that has so recently cast a gloom over our whole country—the Capitol of Virginia.

The Court House of this county (Marion) is another edifice of which I cannot speak with pride. However, funds were raised before the war with which to build a new one, and through the influence of Gov. Morton, and others in authority, the money was justly appropriated to equipping our noble defenders of a flag that is now respected by the nations of the world. We can afford to wait.

The street on which my office is located (Delaware) is now being laid with Nicholson pavement. It will soon be one of the handsomest streets in the city.

I must also speak of the Indiana Musical College, which has become an institution of the West. The building is a five-story brick, and well planned. It is an ornament to the city, and has an able corps of Professors.

As to the morality of the city, I would say that I have never been in a city of its size (about 80,000) that I saw so little drunkenness and rowdyism on the streets. The Policemen are vigilent, and offenders know it. Of what occurs in fashionable parlors and darkened rooms, in the dead hours of night, I cannot speak.

I see, Colonel, that the REPUBLICAN is now the only advocate of justice to humanity in "Old Centre. Guard the interests of these poor beings, whose limbs have so recently been freed from shackles whose ring grated more heavily upon the ears of freemen, than irons upon felons, or clods falling upon the coffin of some dear friend.

At this time we are wearing overcoats, and fires are very comfortable. Crops will be better than we anticipated one week ago, as, within the last three days, we have been blessed with copious showers. Vegitation looks well. But, Colonel, I will have to conclude this article, as 'tis already loo long. In my next I will speak of the enterprse of the city, growth, places of amusement, professions, &c. With a sincere desire that you may prosper, Centre county be blessed with abundant crops, and her citizens flourish as the "Bay tree."

I am, respectfully,

E. A. R.

It is proposed by shrewd New Yorkers to force the tribe of Tammany into a reservation, but the Sachems refuse to budge.

LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

The Proposed Crystal Palace—Cultivation of a Taste for the Arts.

Correspondence of the Lancaster Daily Express.]

NEW YORK, 1870.

In one of my recent letters I gave your readers an account of the efforts of some of our wealthy N. Yorkers to build a Crystal Palace; in this letter I shall give them the no less cheering news that measures have been taken which will result in the speedy establishment of a "Metropolitan Art Museum." The former will be to Americans what its namesake at Sydenham, near London, is to the English, while the latter, which will doubtless be all that is promised by these who have the matter in hand, will be the Kensington Museum Americanized. While the former will be chiefly devoted to the Industrial, the latter will be dedicated to the Fine Arts.

The cultivation of the fine arts and a taste for the beautiful, is a subject on which a good deal might be said and written, much that is full of interest and instruction. It is also a subject, the discussion of which should never cease, but should be earnesly and eloquently brought home to the minds of the thinking people. As a nation we will derive more real benefit from a love for the beautiful and ideal, than many are now able to appreciate or willing to acknowledge. If we, as a nation, are ever to lead a higher life than the mere supplying of our animal wants, it cannot be commenced too soon. All our powers and resources have been employed to increase our national wealth, and it was only recently that we learned that a nation must be just in order to be prosperous. We, as Americans, are so entirely absorbed in business, to the exclusion of nearly all amusement and recreation, whether physical, social or intellectual; the excessive anxiety of how much clear gain we will make on a certain transaction is so indellibly written on our countenances, and life is so rapidly wasting away in the constant whirl of the seeking after gain, that we scarcely bestow a thought upon what we owe to ourselves. As a general thing an American never leaves his business until his business leaves him. He is attracted more by mechanics, the practical and the real, than the beautiful and the ideal.

It is true that there was little time at first, and less means to be employed by the young Republic in the cultivation of the fine arts. The physical resources of the country had to be developed, towns and cities had to be built, canals and railroads had to be laid out; in short, they had to make their existence not only possible, but comparatively comfortable. Man needs food, clothing and shelter before he is able to provide for his higher wants. And now, wonderful as are the changes that have been wrought during the last century, we have just learned how much there yet remains to be done. It is also true that wealth forms an important item in a nation's career; but to judge of its prosperity by the number of vessels it has afloat, or by the cargoes it exports, would be about as reasonable as to say that the Indian on the western prarie is prosperous and happy, because he has enough to eat, and that, therefore his condition could not be bettered. We are to apt to think of wealth as an end. The merchant schemes to increase his shares of stock, the farmer toils early and late to extend the area of his lands, not to employ their wealth as means, but to satisfy a craving want for more. But really wealth ought to serve to keep away want, improve and unfold, not so much the outward and physical man, as the inner and spiritual part of his being. The desire to secure a competency, to lay up something upon which old age may fall back upon, is very praiseworthy in itself, but we should not be so absorbed in it as to exclude everything upon which we cannot place a dollar and cent value. Because we have done such wonders in the development of our natural resources, does it follow from this that we are capable of nothing higher? Because we have been as successful in laying the foundation of worldly prosperity is that any reason why our ambition should be confined to this work? By no means. We are already making rapid progress in many things which make up and honor civilization, and *art*, though in its infancy as yet, struggling almost for its very existence, will soon take a stronger hold upon the affections of our people. A taste for good music is no longer confined to a few families of our large cities; our conservatories, singing-school and church-choirs are doing a work, which the most ardent lover of music cannot but admire. The success which Miss Kellogg and Miss Philips have met with at home and abroad, is only a foretaste of what will be done. And I hope ere many more generations pass away the American will be as fond of and proficient in singing as is the Tyrolean hunter or the Swiss peasant. In poetry too, we are able to distinguish the dress from the pure metal, without waiting for the verdict of foreign critics, and the necesity of supplying a popular want has given us Bryant, Long-fellow, Lowell, Whittier, and a host of less known, but still true poets. So in architecture. Our people are beginning to realize that fine buildings are the household-furniture of the city and country, and that they exert as much influence upon the feelings and character of the inhabitants as the furniture does upon the good manners of a family circle. Now what we need is to cultivate a corresponding taste for the other fine arts, painting and sculpture.

One objection urged against the fine arts is that men are too apt to form ideals which never can be realized. While I admit that perfection in any sphere is impossible in this world, I still maintain that our very wishes and longings to get *as near to it as possible* will be of the greatest benefit to us. We may imagine a combination of qualities that make up a perfect statesman, but the man has not yet been born, and in all probability never will be, who has realized our ideals of what a perfect statesman should be. But to denounce all the great men who have served our country and others so well, as visionaries, simply because they strive to get as near perfection as possible, would be about as absurd as to assert that because a perfect musician, or novelist, or poet has never been known to live, therefore all the musicians, novelists and poets are visionary. We do not expect to arrive at perfection in painting, sculpture, &c., any more than any man expect to become perfect in anything in life. The All-Wise and Beneficent Being, who made us, and kindled within us a love of the beautiful, the pure and the sublime, gave us also opportunites to gratify these feelings. And next to virtue, the thing which will satisfy these desires, and surround us with an atmosphere at once ideal and spirtual, is a refined taste for the fine arts, for all *ideal* creations, be they in poetry, sculpture, painting, music or architecture. The question then arises if a taste for the beautiful is so beneficial to a people, how ought it to be reared and cherished among them in order to exert a daily and living influence over them. First, I maintain that every government has a duty to perform here. I am well aware that the opinion seems to prevail that it is not in accordance with the spirit of our democratic institutions that the government should interfere in such matters, but that its principal business is to see that all men have their rights. This may be a democratic, but it also is a very short-sighted policy. There are many ways in which a government can assist the growth of the arts among its people; by adorning its public grounds and buildings with statues and paintings; by multiplying noble edifices, by raising monuments and tombs to its illustrious dead, and especially by encouraging American instead of foreign talent. It is about time that we question Congressional candidates as to their opinions regarding other interests besides commerce, manufactures, railroads, canals and banks. Their views about Protection or Free Trade are not of any importance than what they think of schools, colleges, museums and academies of fine arts. Of course I do not claim that our general government should do all of this great work. The field is far too extended, and the vacancy to be filled much too great. Our State and city governments can do much in this direction. But in the meantime, as long as no government, whether municipal, State or general, feels concerned, we may congratulate ourselves upon having public-spirited men who are willing to take hold of it. The great enterprise which was started in January last, has at last reached a point when definite plans take the place of vague and conflicting schemes. The "Metropolitan Art Museum" will soon be a splendid reality, and as such is destined to exert an influence upon the prosperity of our noble country which can hardly be overestimated.

A LARGE PAPER.—The *Weekly Alta California* is a large paper containing 64 columns neatly printed and full of the best of miscellaneous reading, and news pertaining to the lands, business and local matters of that state. It speaks of California as a home for the Emigrant, the quality of the land, the prices of labor, the climate, the manufactures, agriculture, the vineyards, the orchards as well as the attractions and general business of the State.

The *Alta California* is published every Thursday morning, and furnished by mail to subscribers at Five Dollars per annum in advance: also mailed to the address of persons in any part of the world. For six months, Three Dollars, for single copies twelve and a half cents. Fred'k MacCrellish & Co., Publishers, 529 California street, Alta California Building.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Democratic State Convention of Vermont yesterday nominated the State ticket.

Governor Walker, of Virginia, has signed the bill incorporating the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad.

A German named Deitrich was torn to pieces by the bursting of a fly wheel in a St. Louis flouring mill some days since.

Since March 4, 1789 to June 30, 1869 a period of eighty years, the receipts of the Government from all sources have been $11,402,000,000 and the expenditures $11,250, 000,000.

A majority of the sub-committee on Pacific Railroads have reported that the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company is entitled to sixteen sections of land per mile, located in Texas.

Mrs. Sue Hall committed suicide at Delavan, Illinois, on Thursday, by cutting her throat. Sue left a note containing the words, "Goodbye, husband." She had been married only a year.

It appears that the first man to call negroes contrabands was Thomas Scott, a member of the first Congress. He used the expression in a speech delivered in 1790 on the power of Congress over slaves.

A man in Indiana, last week, lost his wife and family physician on the same day. He is now searching for their remains with a double-barrelled shot gun, with the intention of burying them both in the same grave.

The Carpenters of Philadelphia are anxious to secure for that city the Universal Exposition in 1870. They interviewed the Congressional Visiting Committee on Friday last, and put forth their claims in vigorous English.

An Irish servant girl named Scott, who has been washing dishes at the Irving Hotel, New York, for three dollars a week, lately fell heir to a legacy of $75,000 by the death of an uncle in New Orleans. There is a vacancy in the dish washing corps of the Irving.

Whiskey yielded, last year, under the old ratio of taxation, and a Johnsonian plan of collection, a revenue of but $12,000,000. Under the present reduced rate, and with a more faithful administration of the law, the revenue from that source will be nearly $52,000,000.

The Methodist Episcopal Church South has 2,646 travelling preachers, an increase of 251 over 1868; local preachers, 4,753; white members, 540,820, an increase of 37,224 over 1868; colored members, 19,686, a decrease of 12,398; Indian members, 3,149.—Total of ministers and members, 571,054.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Pa., at the close of business, June 8th, 1870.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$218,476 23
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds and Securities on hand	4,850 00
Due from redeem'g and reserve agts.	5,246 44
" " other National Banks	11,979 98
" " " Banks and Bankers	16,280 45
Real Estate	33,682 74
Furniture and Fixtures	1,000 00
Current Expenses	2,218 78
Premiums	8 12
Taxes paid	2,383 79
Checks and other cash Items	3,788 10
Bills of other National Banks	697 00
Fractional Currency (incud'g Nickle)	313 18
Specie	213 69
Legal Tender Notes	23,910 00
Three per cent Certificates	15,000 00
	$439,047 90

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	32,500 00
Exchange	958 95
Interest	7,861 92
Profit and Loss	229 47
National Bank Notes Outstanding	67,500 00
Individual Deposits	161,261 67
Due to National Bank	47,627 15
" other Banks and Bankers	1,009 56
	$439,047 90

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } County of Centre' ss: }

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 18th day of June, 1870.

R. CHEESMAN, N. P

Correct Attest:
H. N. McALLISTER,
JAMES A. BEAVER,
E. C. HUMES,
DIRECTORS.

v2n25-1t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO LOGAN FIRE COMPANY.—You are hereby notified to meet at the Council Room, on Friday Evening, June 24th, inst., without fail, for uniforming the company and equipment. By order of the

PRESIDENT.

A. MORRISON, Sec't'y.

$2,000 A YEAR AND EXPENSES To agents to sell the celebrated WILSON SEWING MACHINES. The best machine in the world.—Stitch alike on both sides. OUR MACHINES without MONEY. For further particulars, address 25, N 9th St., Phila., Pa. v2n18-3m.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.

ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.

The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v2n25-1y

NOTICE.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, Subpoena in Divorce.

Sarah A. Royer, by her next best friend } J. P. Gephart vs. James M. Royer. }

The undersigned, a Commissioner appointed by the said Court to take testimony in the above case, will attend to duties of his appointment on Tuesday, the 12th day of July next, at two o'clock, p. m., at his office in Bellefonte, when and where all persons interested are notified to attend

E. M. BLANCHARD, Commissioner.

v2n25-3t.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Monday May 30th, 1870, the trains on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Mail Train	leaves Philadelphia	12:20 p.m
do	do Lock Haven	9:05 a.m
do	arrives Erie	7:40 p.m
Erie Exp.	leaves Philadelphia	10:50 a.m
do	do Lock Haven	9:20 p.m
do	arrives Erie	7:25 a.m
Elmira Mail	l'ves Philadelphia	7:50 a.m
do	leaves Sunbury	3:45 p.m
do	arrives Lock Haven	7:20 p.m

EASTWARD.

Mail Train	leaves Erie	8:50 a.m
do	do Lock Haven	8:05 p.m
do	arrives Philadelphia	6:20 a.m
Erie Exp.	leaves Erie	2:00 p.m
do	do Lock Haven	6:55 a.m
do	arrives Philadelphia	5:30 p.m
Elmira Mail	leaves Williamsport	9:45 a.m
do	do do Harrisburg	2:55 p.m
do	do arr. at Philadelphia	9:50 p.m
Buffalo Express,	leaves Williamsport	12:25 a.m
do	do do Harrisburg	5:20 a.m
do	do arr. at Philadelphia	9:25 a.m
Bald Eagle Mail	leaves Lock Haven	11:35 a.m
do	do arr. at Williamsport	12:50 p.m
Bald Eagle Exp.	leaves Lock Haven	9:25 p.m
do	do arr. at Williamsport	10:50 p.m

Express Mail and Accommodation, east and west, connect at Corry and all west bound trains and Mail and Accommodation east at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road.

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Sup't.

v2n25-tf.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having purchased, at Constable Sale, the following property, to wit: 1 Cook Stove and pipe, 1 Parlor Stove, a lot of Carpet, 1 Cupboard, 1 Lounge, 1 Doughtray, 1 Table, 2 Bedsteads and Bedding, 2 Sett Chairs, 1 Bureau, 1 Rocking Chair, Wood Box, 1 Clock, Shoats, 1 Cow, 1 Shovel, 1 Sink.

The above was sold as the property of Samuel Reed, of Harris twp., and loaned to him by me to be used by him during my pleasure. All persons are cautioned not to meddle with the same in any way.

G. A. JACOBS, Harris twp.

v1n22-3t.

LOST—$25 REWARD.—The above reward will be paid to the person who will return the Pocket Book of Geo. Durst, of Potter twp. It was lost on the 30th of May, somewhere between Bellefonte and Centre Hall, or in Bellefonte. It contained about $150 in greenbacks, and over $2,000 in valuable papers—valuable only to the owner. The above reward will be paid to any person leaving the Pocket Book, Money and Papers with Maj. P. H. Wilson, Bellefonte, or returning it to me.

GEO. DURST, Centre Hall.

n2v22-3t.

U. S. REVENUE TAX.—Notice is hereby given that the annual List of Taxes, for 1870 are now due. All persons owing the United States for Taxes, in Centre County are requested to call at my Office in Walker twp., on or before the 22nd of June inst., and pay their indebtedness, or costs will be made.

For the convenience of tax-payers generally, I will be at the house of Wm. L. Musser, Esq., in Millheim on Friday June 10th. At Assessors Office, in Bellefonte on Tuesday and Wednesday, 14th and 15th days of June, and at the Banking House of Mc[illegible] & Yorks, in Philipsburg on Friday, the 17th of June 1870.

WM. P. HARRIS, Deputy Collector.

n2v22-3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Adaline Harris, late of the Borough of Bellefont, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned who request all persons knowing, themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate pay ment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND BLANCHARD, Exec'r.

n2v22-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Isaac Lawson, late of the Borough of Bellefonte, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, who request all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND BLANCHARD, Exec'r.

v2n22-6t.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Patrick Flinn, late of the Borough of Bellefonte, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, who requests all persons knowing, themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN P. HARRIS Executor.

v2n16-6t.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of James McCullough, late of Jacksonville, Marian tp., Centre county, Pa., dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said tp., who requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

ENOS ERTLEY, Executor

v2n17-6t.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Bechdel, of Liberty tp., dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, who request all persons knowing, themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for sett

THE REPUBLICAN.

Wednesday Morning, June 22, 1870.

LOCAL ITEMS.

EXHIBITION.—Closing exercises of the Academy, this (Wednesday) evening, at the court-house. Doors open at 7; exercises begin precisely at a quarter till eight o'clock.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Monday last, about noon, Miss. Mary McConnell, aged about 80 years, well known to all our citizens, fell suddenly dead, at her residence in the upper part of town.

The *Watchman* makes a Furey-ous attempt to apologize for the condition in which they found their office, immediately subsequent to the recent freshet. How do you like waterpower? Eh?

PROGRESSING.—The Sunday School wigwam being erected in this place by the Presbyterian congregation is progressing finely. It will be quite an improvement and a pleasant place for the children.

LOOK HERE.—Farmers in want of a Buckeye Reaper and repairs for the same can get them by calling on Isaac Haupt, Agent. Mr. Haupt also offers one new two horse wagon for sale. If you want bargains call on Isaac.

WATER.—The water works, owing to the excellent management of the Superintendent—Cyrus Strickland are working well and furnishing our people with plenty of water. Cyrus understands his business and is an intelligent mechanic, and a faithful worker, his motto being "a faithful days work for a faithful day's wages."

LET 'EM COME.—Extensive preparations have been made, by the Proprietors of our principal hotels, for the occommodation of city guests during the approaching season. From all that we can learn, these enterprising gentlemen will be handsomely remunerated for their pains, and we trust we have not been wrongly informed.

ALTOONA SUN.—We have received a copy of the Altoona *Daily Sun*, Published by D. W. Moore & J. W. McKinney and furnished subscribers at $5,00 per annum in advance. It is a neat five column paper. It is ably edited and contains all the latest news of importance. We wish them success. Such enterprise deserves success.

FOURTH OF JULY—FIRE WORKS.—A splendid lot of fireworks just received at Theodore Deschner's Gun Store, Bush's Arcade, Bellefonte, Pa., consisting of Roman Candles, Rockets, Fire Crackers, Torpedoes, Pin Wheels, Triangles, Colored Fire, and other articles too numerous to mention, which will be sold at very low prices. Persons wanting Fire Works will do well to call on him at No. Bush's Arcade, Bellefonte, Penn'a.

NEW GOODS.—The enterprising firm of Foster, Devling & Wilson have received another large assortment of new goods. It is really astonishing the amount of business this firm is doing.—Their store is crowded daily, and they are daily gaining the confidence of the people. The reason is, they do business on the "square," never make any promises that they do not fulfill, and sell the best of goods at the very lowest rates. We wish them success.

WHY IS IT?—We are sorry to learn that the copy of the *American Agriculturist*, which we ordered for D. S. Erb, of Rock Springs, and afterwards directed changed to Nettie Kuhns, Pine Grove Mills, this county, is not received. The fault is not ours, for we directed it sent as ordered, and changed as ordered. We know Orange Judd & Co., will make it right, for they are an honest firm and publish, in our opinion, the best Agricultural paper in the world.

ATLAS.—The general agent for Mitchell's new Atlas of the world is in town. It is his intention to remain a few days and canvass the town. This work should be in the hands of everybody—certainly no lawyer, business man, farmer or mechanic should be without it. It contains a series of one hundred maps and plans, together with a list of the post offices in the United States, with valuable statistical tables, &c. The price of the book is $10.

LOST.—A sad and heartrending affair occurred to-day, just before closing our forms. A young gentleman of our town, of unusually diminutive dimensions, but, for all that, a first-class compositor, had been engaged at distributing nonpareil. He was suddenly and unaccountably missing. Our "Devil" says he last saw him in the neighborhood of the hair-space box, and that he must have fallen in. Up to the present writing his *remains* have not been recovered.

CAUTION.—Notice is hereby given to the men who are engaged in the dog-poisoning business, that they are known, and that there are some premises in this town upon which it will be very dangerous for them to set their feet. A word to the wise is sufficient; and, wise or unwise, the dog-poisoners had better move very cautiously. One more case of dog-poisoning, and we are assured that these men will leave town very suddenly.—Several of our citizens have lost very valuable dogs.

ENTERTAINMENT.—Charles Roberts, jr., Proffessor of Elocution in the College of New York, will give one of his interesting and instructive elocutionary entertainments on Thursday evening, the 23d inst., in Reynold's new and elegant Hall. From what we know of his reputation, we bespeak for him a full house. Tickets 35 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Exercises at 8 o'clock. Tickets can be obtained at the bookstore of J. D. Miller, at Wilson's Drug Store, and at Patton's Jewelry Store.

ENTERPRISE.—If there exists any doubt in the minds of any of our citizens, or any of the hundreds of admiring strangers who weekly, and even daily visit our romantic little mountain city, that we possess enterprise, in an eminent degree, we invite their attention to the immense store-room, on Allegheny street, now in process of erection, by Messrs. Irwin & Wilson, of hardware fame. The store-room is, by far, the most commodious in town, measuring 130 by 25 feet. It is a three-story building, and will, we are informed, be exclusively devoted to their business. It is only one more exhibition of the indomitable energy and unconquerable determination of Irwin & Wilson to excel.

HOME PATRONAGE.—He that provideth not for his own household, says the Good Book, hath denied the faith, and is worse than an infidel, or words to that effect. We were reminded of this Biblical instruction yesterday, upon being asked by a merchant—dealer in stoves and tinware—to circulate for him a Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Supplement, which was not printed in this office, nor in the county. Out of the respect we bear the dealer in tinware we, for the present, withhold his name; but we do say that, so far as we are concerned, the merchant, or merchants, who send their job work to Tyrone, or to the city, to have it done, can go to Tyrone, or to the city, to have it circulated, and for their customers.

How dare any man print a Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Supplement, and circulate it without first obtaining our consent? Then think of the check it requires to ask us to circulate and acknowledge such a botched, blurred and miserable job as the circular in question! We mean business, gentlemen. We will circulate our own REPUBLICAN Supplements, and it Mr. Meek prints a good job, and, with our consent, when it is strictly a supplement, we may circulate it, but for no one else. Is that plain enough? It is one thing for our merchants and people to talk about supporting home industry; it is quite another thing to practice it.—So far as we are concerned, we intend to practice what we preach in this regard.

OUT AT NIGHT.—We like the boys. We love a good boy and always strive in some way to aid and encourage him; while we pity and sympathize and comfort those generally termed bad boys, simply because they have been left to themselves by their parents to roam where they please at all hours, and at all times, and to seek their own company or associates. We clip the following good advice from an exchange: "Fathers and mothers, look out for your boys when the shadows of evening have gathered around you! Where are they then? Are they at home, at the social, pleasant fireside, or are they running the streets? If so, take care; the chances of their ruin are many. There is scarcely anything so destructive to their morals as running abroad at night. Under cover of darkness, they learn to be rowdyish, if not absolutely vicious; they catch up loose talk, they hear sinful thoughts, and they see obscene things, and they become reckless and riotous. If you would save them from vulgarity, save them from ruin, see to it that night finds them at home. More than one young man has told the chaplain of the State Prison that here was the beginning of his downward course, that finally brought him to the felon's cell. Let parents solemnly ponder this matter, and do all they can to make home attractive that the boys will prefer it to roaming in the streets. There is no place like home, in more senses than one—certainly no place like home for boys in the evening."

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE.—We have frequently referred to this excellent Hotel—Messrs. Houseal & Krom, Proprietors. This house is one of the best in the State, the table, rooms, beds and accommodations generally, all being first class. We think it no exaggeration to say that the Rooms and beds and bedding are equal to those of the Continental.

Clean and neat as this House has been kept, Messrs Houseal & Krom are now having it repaired and papered. They are determined to be surpassed by no other house in Central Pennsylvania, and desire to make their guests who may leave the crowded cities to spend the summer here, fishing and hunting, feel perfectly at home with them and compel them on their return to the city to speak truthfully of the superiority of the Brockerhoff House.

They not only show their good judgment in their manner of keeping the Hotel; but they have manifested that judgment to its full extent in the selection of mechanics, to make the repairs.

Mr. Samuel Nichauls has the reputation, and justly we think, of being the best as well as the neatest paper hanger in this country. Regardless of expense Messrs. Houseal & Krom, employ him, and pay him an extra price because they want their work well done. We visited the rooms on Saturday last, and say, without hesitation, that it is the best job of papering we have ever seen—not a single wrinkle, blister, lap or seam is to be seen. We recommend Samuel Nichauls to our friends as a first class workman.

PHILIPSBURG ITEMS.—The ladies of the M. E. Church are now holding a Festival in the Band Hall, for the benefit of their new church that is progressing very well, and bids fair to be a beautiful structure.

—Philipsburg is supplied with an abundance of Hotel accommodations, having four ably conducted houses of the kind.

—The Physicians of Philipsburg are performing numerous amputations and are contending for the honors of the same.

—The Philipsburg Literati is in a flourishing condition and its exercises are continuing to be interesting.

GRECIAN BEND.—Who has not heard of the Grecian Bend, and who has not heard or read of Mary and her little lamb. Some wicked individual not having the fear of the girls before his eyes, has perpetrated the following:

Mary has a Grecian bend,
Which crooks her like a bow,
And when she steps of Mary tend,
The hump is sure to go.

It follows her all day,
And when she goes to school,
It makes the children laugh and play,
To see her such a fool.

The teacher sees her pass along,
His blushing face he veils;
Then Mary sees how very wrong
It is to wear false tails.

CELERY.—Persons wishing to plant celery can secure the plants by applying to C. W. Lambert, of the Sunny Side Gardens. He has both the giant and dwarf kinds. The dwarf we would recommend for surface culture. Indeed, we think surface culture the best for either the dwarf or giant. All experienced gardeners have abandoned the trench system. Mr. Lambert's celery plants, like his garden seeds, are the very best and sure to grow if they only get half care.

REMOVAL.—The Jewelry-store of our invincible friend, Frank P. Blair, has been removed from his former business place on Spring street, to Room No. 1, Bush House. Frank is a whole-souled, pleasant and accommodating fellow, and deserves a liberal share of patronage.

EAGLEVILLE, June 18, 1870.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—Your correspondent has been contemplating a letter from Beech Creek for some time, but matters in general has been running so steadily, that there seemed to be nothing of interest to write about, but seeing the accounts of the late flood reported from different localities, I thought, by your permission, I would give the public, through the columns of the REPUBLICAN, an account from Beech Creek. As the time and duration of the recent heavy rains are known to your readers, I will say nothing of them here. On Friday morning, the 9th inst., there was a good log floating flood in the stream, but by continued rains on the same afternoon and evening, the waters rose till only about twelve inches lower than the great flood of 1865.

There being several heavy lumber operations on the stream and tributaries, (the consequence is, that there is almost always a large amount of logs lying along the same,) but in logs the lumbermen suffered very little loss, as none of them went adrift. At Messrs. Brown, Hastings & Co's Lumbering establishment, located about two miles from the mouth of the stream, they closed their boom and succeeded in stopping all the logs that came down, and kept them safe until the waters fell, that logs could be passed on with safety. As to the damage to the lumbering establishments—Messrs. Sayler, Day & Morey, at the mouth of Beech Creek, had their embankments broken, and part of their bridge carried away. Their loss is about $1,000; Cline & Quigley's mill damaged about $500; Quigley & Nestlerode about $300; Brown, Hastings & Co. about $200; then the large splash dam, owned by Sayler, Day, Morey and others, gave way which will require about $1,000 to repair. This boom is situated in Snow Shoe township, near the mouth of Wolf Run, and was built some nine years ago, at a cost of about $3000. It is about five hundred feet long, and eighteen feet high. When full the water covers about fifty acres of ground. There are seven gates to vent water, and when all are thrown open the space for the water to pass through is about 350 square feet. To open this dam, it requires two men about fifteen minutes time, and when opened, about one hour to run down, which makes a good flood to drive logs from three to five hours. Without such a dam, logs could not be drove down, as the stream has been washed out so wide.

Messrs. Brown, Hastings & Co., formerly of Bellefonte, when the flood came closed their boom, and held about 25,000 logs that was brought down by the rushing current, secure, until the waters fell; and at the lumbering establishment of Sayler, Day & Morey, near the Beech Creek depot, the boom was also closed, and caught some 1000 more logs, thereby holding secure about all that was in the stream, saving the lumbermen a great loss of logs, which would have been the case, had the logs been permitted to pass out into the Bald Eagle, as that stream was so high as to cover the low lands of the whole valley.

The damage has been but small considering the great amount of lumber that was afloat at the time. The meadows, fences and roads were not much damaged.

Had Messrs. Brown, Hastings & Co. opened their boom when the water was high, there would have been no estimating the damage that would have been done to fences, bridges, roads and low lands on the lower end of the stream, and I think that the lumbermen, and the public generally, thus benefitted, should amply reward them for their pains and expense in so doing.

LUMBERMAN.

THE TOWN CLOCK.—The *Watchman* takes periodical fits, looking straight into the face of our good old weather-beaten clock, and goes into hysterics.—We used to admire the clock; but since it is constantly looking into the *Watchman* office, it has blushed itself pale, and holds its tiny hands over its face in very shame. That's what's the matter with the clock.

We would suggest that trees, or something else, be planted to hide it from viewing, all the time, the iniquities of the Democratic party in the *Watchman* office. Then its face will shine again, without paint, as of old. The cost of a coat of paint will be saved, and the County Commissioners will get credit from our citizens for one good act.

DURING our peregrinations last eve., in Bishop street, by-the-way, one of the most beautiful streets of which our town can boast, nor the least in point of business, we called to see our friend Sam. We mean Sam. Musser, of the firm of Keller & Musser, than whom no more pleasant and congenial gentleman have we met in a decade. It appeared no trouble for him to show us their superb stock of new goods, which they had just opened; and, when he told us for what they could be bought, we were amazed. Those having economy in view, ladies, in particular, should not fail to call and price their goods before purchasing elsewhere. Davie is there, too.

FOR SALE.—We offer for sale at the office of the REPUBLICAN, one good table and desk.

WE OFFER
Two Liberty-Quarto Job Presses in good condition, nearly good as new.

WE OFFER
a lot of belting, shafting and pullies, in good condition, and just what is needed in woolen factories or steam mills.

WE OFFER
in addition to the above, a number of stands and cases, one good imposing stone, and type enough to supply a country printing office. All of which we will sell at reasonable prices and upon easy terms. 3t

DEDICATION.—The United Brethren Church of Bellefonte will be dedicated on Sunday next—June 26th. M. P. Doyle, P. E., Rev. W. Wragg, of Altoona; Rev. J. Medsger, of Tyrone; Rev. J. Reynolds, of Bald Eagle Circuit, and Rev. J. M. Smith, of Bellefonte, are expected to be present. We hope the people will fill the house to overflowing.

POISONED.—The family of Mr. W. L. Gordon, of Howard, were poisoned last week. Drs. Holloway & Hensyl attended them and concluded that it was brought about by drinking milk from cows that had been grazing upon wild grass and poisonous weeds. They are doing well and will soon revive from the effects of the poison.

"INDEX."—Your communication was unfortunately mislaid and up to the present writing we have not been able to find it. It may turn up again, however.

Annual School Report of County Superintencent of Centre County—For the Year Ending, June 7th, 1870.

Having reported very fully last year, I shall at this time briefly notice a few of the evidences of continued

EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

All of our thirty school districts made marked improvement, save two or three.

SCHOOL HOUSES.—Seven have been built during the year; one each in Boggs, Ferguson, Howard, Huston, Potter, Rush and Walker. Some of these are neat and commodious, while a few of them are in many respects not up to the standard. The Pennsylvania School Architect should be consulted; other good houses examined, and great care taken in maturing the plan of a proposed school-house.

I might cite a number of recent instances of the too frequent error of directors, in providing simply for the present in consequence of which, before the debt incurred is liquidated, it would seem necessary to begin to build again.

Penn district lost a house by fire, and is therefore obliged to build the coming year. A few others in the county could be spared without much loss.

Some improvement has been made in arranging and fencing the grounds; and quite a respectable number of houses have been repaired and remodeled in various ways. New houses are in course of erection in Haines, and a number of other districts.

FURNITURE.—A steady improvement in style and adaptation of furniture is going on. Fourteen houses have been supplied with suitable furniture during the year.

APPARATUS.—Eight schools have been supplied during the year. 141 are now supplied with Outline maps, 98 with Globes, nearly all with mottoes, and about 80 with writing tablets. (the latter belonging in most cases to the teachers.)

SCHOOLS.—Our schools have made fair average progress during the year. We have many good schools, a number of very good ones, some inferior ones, with a few almost worthless ones. Three total failures occurred. Upon the whole, however, considerable improvement is manifested in better government, more thorough instruction, and more rigid classification. Whole number of schools 198.

CLASSIFICATION.—It requires much tact and discretion to properly classify a school, and yet this must precede all successful teaching. A want of this is generally owing to a lack of decision on the part of teachers, strengthened by the interference of meddlesome "outsiders." Parents seem to lose sight of the fact, their children will need a knowledge of branches which were not commonly taught when they were young and that they are paying (in their school tax) for instruction in all of these useful branches. Much of the good of the schools is thus lost. We are opposed to "cramming" the minds of children with two many studies, but think the tendency is in the opposite direction.

The "when" of commencing different studies, depends much upon the "how" of commencing. During the year, 2282 pupils studied Grammar, being an increase of 658 over last year; descriptive Geography 3050, an increase of 896 over last year; U. S. History, 2015, an increase of 1215 over last year; Written Arithmetic 3815, an increase of 1840 over last year; Mental Arithmetic 6498, an increase of 1582 over last year; Map drawing 1962 an increase of 1884 over last year; Writing was taught to 5550, Composition 3987, Physiology, 2473; Natural Philosophy, 55; Algebra, 157; Physical Geography, 200; Phonetic Spelling, 4595; 6005 practice singing daily; in some schools vocal music was taught as a regular study.

CLEANLINESS.—Much improvement is shown; a large majority of the school-rooms are tastefully decorated with mottoes, pictures, evergreens, etc., in striking contrast with the few which, prison-like in their gloom, present nothing but bare, smoked and defaced walls, deformed benches, and broken windows. The school room should be made attractive, so as to lure the little ones to the spot; besides, this has much to do with the formation of character.

CLASS REGISTERS and call-bells are used in most of the schools. When pupils once know that an exact record will be kept of every recitation, they soon learn to take pride in having that record good; in some schools the record of the entire class is read, without comment, at the close of each recitation.

ATTENDANCE.—The average percentage of attendance throughout the county is fully as high as it was last year, (78) and considerably greater than for any of the five preceding years.

GRADED SCHOOLS.—Four schools have been graded during the year; two in Bellefonte and two in Rush. Graded schools are needed at Julian Furnace, Zion, Stormstown, Farmers Mills, Penn Hall, Snow Shoe and Port Matilda. Such schools should be estaablished wherever practicable.

TEACHERS.—As a class our teachers have done well. A large majority of them are earnest, enthusiastic, devoted, and had we the proper encouragement, all might be such; but for want of appreciation, adequate salary, and more permanent employment, the two classes mentioned in last year's report have to be retained. Number of Males 120; Females 78; number who have read works on teaching 198, (every one, otherwise, none were licensed) 21 hold professional certificates, 65 have attended a Normal school 65 have taught over five years, and 42 have had no experience in teaching. Many of our teachers are too young; average age 25 years—ranging from 16 upwards; we find every year a scarcity of competent teachers, but are convinced that the cause of this lies with the directors—the power that employs teachers, fixes their salaries, length of term, etc. This brings us to consider the subject of

SALARIES.—On this topic I cannot report progress. We need a more thorough grading of teachers' salaries. Nothing is more detrimental to the cause than the unjust plan still practiced in many districts of paying the same wages to all alike whether good or bad; or through favoritism to employ teachers without regard to the kind of certificate in possession. This is putting ability at a discount, driving our best teachers out of the profession; virtually paying a premium on inability, and is utterly ruinous to the schools. A little thought on this subject will convince all. Will directors move in the matter?

TEXT BOOKS.—District uniformity exists, except in Patton.

MORAL INSTRUCTION.—As reported to me, the scripture was read daily in every school, and the Lord's Prayer repeated every morning in many.

ABSENTEEISM.—I have with some difficulty gathered pretty reliable statistics which show that there are over 1000 children of the proper school age in the county, that did not attend school a single day during the year; the result in most cases of sheer indifference on the part of uneducated parents. This is a subject of grave importance, inasmuch as it intimely concerns the welfare of the rising generation in our midst. Liberal provision is made for the free education of all; buildings are erected, teachers are employed, and where parents are unable to supply necessary books they are provided at public expense. Will not those who have power or influence over this matter give it the consideration its importance demands, and insist that no child shall grow up in ignorance among us.

WORK DONE BY SUPERINTENDENT.

EXAMINATIONS.—Whole number of examinations held 32; public 25; private 7. Number examined—Males 130; Females 105; rejected 21. The examinations were generally well attended; 105 directors, and 1023 citizens in attendance. In four districts only, Haines, Harris, Huston and Rush, did the secretary fail to be present and organize the class.

CERTIFICATES.—Provisional certificates issued, 200; professional, 18; annulled, 2; renewed, 2; average grade of certificates about the same as last year, the standard having been slightly raised.

VISITATIONS.—It is almost impossible to visit all the schools in the county during the short terms they are kept open, unless the visits be short; I visited all, however, except four which were not in session when I reached the neighborhood; some were visited a second time. Number of visits 246, averaging a little over two hours in length. Most of my visiting was done in company with directors, and patrons—169 directors, and 210 patrons thus accompanying me. Number of visits made with directors, 150.

COUNTY INSTITUTE.—Our twenty-third Annual County Institute, which was held at Howard, during the holidays, was more largely attended than any previous one ever held in the county; 230 teachers were in attendance; of whom 170 were at the time teaching in the public schools of the county. The fruits of the Institute were plainly discernable in the improved condition of many schools visited after its close.

NORMAL INSTITUTE.—The fourth annual session was held at Rebersburg during the vacation of the public schools. The Superintendent was again assisted by Prof. H. Meyer and Rev. W. G. Engle. About 50 teachers were in attendance.

SUMMARY.—I labored 235 days in the discharge of official duties; held 25 public examinations; made 240 official visits; taught ten weeks (gratuitously) in the County Normal School; held one County Institute of five days; attended the State Convention of Superintendents, three district Institutes, educational meetings; wrote 908 official letters, and traveled 3004 miles in the discharge of the above duties.

WORK DONE BY OTHER AGENCIES.

Visits by Parents and Others.—This item indicates an increasing interest which is quite encouraging. Number of visits by directors during term, 888, (being an increase of 313 over last year.) Visits by patrons 3353, (an increase of 735 over last year.) Visits by teachers during term, 977. Number of addresses delivered by visitors, 587.

Pennsylvania Agricultural College.—The number of students is increasing.

The Academies, Select and Private Schools are about the same in number and standing as last year.

Subscription Schools are open during the Summer in all parts of the county. I am not prepared to give statistics of them.

District Superintendency was adopted by one or two districts only. Could we but get our law makers to see the necessity of proper and efficient local supervision! Our schools demand more effective supervision than any one man can give them, with our present short term.

District Institutes were held in two or three districts only.

CLERGY.—Comparatively little aid is received from this source.

PRESS.—Our thanks, and those of an intelligent reading community, are due to the editors of the different county papers, for the interest they have manifested in behalf of the cause.

OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF IMPROVEMENT.

They are the same as mentioned in my former report.

R. M. MAGEE,
June 7th, 1870. County Supt.

CENTRE COUNTY SABBATH SCHOOL ASSOCIATION—SECOND ANNUAL CONVENTION.—The second annual convention of the Sabbath School Association comenced in the Reformed church of Centre Hall, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Thursday, the 7th inst. The President of the association, General Beaver, in the chair, opened with devotional exercises. On motion of the convention the President appointed a committe of five to prepare business for the convention, which consisted of Messrs. Harvey, Rev. Wylie, Shannon, Alexander and Sahm.

After singing and prayer, convention adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock p. m.

Second session—Tuesday afternoon. Convention met at 2 p. m., General Beaver in the chair. Opened with singing, reading a portion of scripture, and prayer by Rev. Miller. On motion, T. H. T. Sahm was elected secretary *pro tem.* The President announced that the committee had prepared the following work for the afternoon session:

1. The relation of the Sunday School to the family.
2. Order in Sunday School.
3. Apathy—its cause and cure.

The first topics was taken and opened by Rev. J. K. Miller, followed by Messrs. Beaver, Rev. Wylie, Harvey and Sahm.

The following truth was brought out by the discussion: The Sabath School is not to enlighten the duties of parents but to aid them. It has been the instrumentality by which religion was brought into many a family. It is essential to the existence of the family relation.

After singing, the second subject was taken up and discussed by Messrs. Harvey, Kurtz, Beaver, and others. The truth brought out was—order and method essential to success—teacher and officer responsible for disorder—ought to so interest the children that they can find no time for noise and confusion. If children are unimployed they will certainly be disorderly. Always endeavor to apply a suitable question to a restless child. A noisy, fussy Superintendent most disorderly. Ought to be calm, self-possessed at all times. Immediately after a fault has been committed is no suitable time for reproof. Irregularity of teachers another source of disorder.

After singing, the third subject—Apathy.—its cause and cure, was opened by T. H. T. Sahm, followed by Revs. Miller and Wylie.

Cause of Apathy may be divided into three classes: 1st, those of a physical nature arising from improper ventilation and want of comfort in the structure of Sunday School rooms; 2d, mental teachers are culpable for this cause; 3d, lack of spirituality, fervent, effectual prayer will remedy this source of Apathy.

Singing and prayer by John Shannon, Esq. Adjourned to meet at 7 p. m.

Third session—Tuesday evening: Hon. J. G. Myer in the chair, opened with music by the choir, reading scripture and prayer. The President announced the following programme for the evening session:

1. The teacher's example and the influence of his personal habits.
2. Importance of Sunday schools to the safety and prosperity of our country.
3. What is the duty of parents to the Sunday school.

The first topic was discussed by Rev. Miller, Messrs. Beaver, Myer and Sahm.

The truth brought out by the discussion, was, that teachers must live what they teach. We must live for Jesus, to lead others to Jesus.

After singing a hymn, the second question, Importance of Sunday schools to the safety and prosperity of our country, was opened by the Hon. F. Kurtz, and the discussion continued by Prof. G. W. Leisher and others. The safety of our government depends upon the intelligence and morality of its citizens morality, formed upon religion of Christ. No institution is better adapted to press religious truth upon the minds of the young, than the Sabath school.

The third topic, duty of parents to the Sabath school, was discussed by Messrs. Beaver, Sahm and Leisher. Parents should accompany their children to Sabbath school; never say go but *come*—they should prepare them for school, examine them when they return, contribute liberally of their means for its support. Closed with singing and prayer.

Fourth session—Wednesday morning; Rev. J. K. Miller in the chair, opened with devotional exercises.

The following subjects were announced for discussion in the morning session:

1. What has Sunday schools accomplished.
2. How to conduct an intant class.
3. What is effective teaching.

The first topic was opened by General Beaver, who pointed to Bethany Sabath school, Philadelphia, established in one of the most wicked parts of that city. Comenced in the year —— with 12 pupils, sitting on afew rough boards. Now they have one of the finest Sabath school rooms in the city, with 1700 pupils on the roll. A complete change has been wrought in that part of the city; order and quiet, now reigns where discord and riot ran wild. Hundreds of other such instances could be pointed out, as the work of the Sunday school. The discussion of the subject was continued with interest by Rev. Hackenburg, Messrs. Myer, Buchanan, Shannon and others.

After singing a hymn, the second subject was opened by G. W. Leisher, whostated that there were two methods of conducting an infant school. 1st, having all the children in one class; 2d, in separate classes. Both methods ought to be joined; In singing, unite them; for direct teaching, make the classes small; teach bible truth, the old method of learning scripture verses ought notto be abolished. Teachers should believe what they teach—be lively and cheerful, descend to particulars.

The further discussion of this subject was continued by General Beaver and Rev. Miller. Singing.

The third subject, what is effective teaching; was discussed by Rev. Hackenburg, Fortney and others.

After singing and prayer, adjourned to meet at 2 p. m.

Fifth session—Wednesday afternoon; Rev. Wylie in the chair, opened with devotional exercises.

The following programme was announced.

1. Best method of opening and closing Sabbath schools.
2. Best general order of Sunday school exercise.
3. Qualifications and duties of Superintendent

The first question was ably discussed by H. Stitzer, who would open school with singing, prayer, reading the lesson for the day prefer having superintendent and school read a verse alternately—would close with a doxology and benediction, if a minister be present the exercise should be short.

After singing a hymn, the second subject was discussed by Messrs. Yocum, Beaver and others.

Election—The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President—Gen. James A. Beaver.
Corresponding Sec.—Col. J. F. Weaver.
Recording Sec.—T. H. T. Sahm.
Treasurer—Wm. Wolf.

The following Vice Presidents were chosen by the delegates from the respective townships:

Bellefonte, H. Y. Stitzer; Ferguson, John Gordon; Half Moon, J. H. Laver; Harris, Prof. G. W. Leisher; Miles, Samuel Gramly; Penn, Jacob Eisenhoot; Snow Shoe, J. S. Somerville; Unionville, Dr. J. M. Blair; Benner, H. L. Harvey; Gregg; Gen. Geo. Buchanan; Hains, P. J. Earhart; Marion, John Hoy; Milesburg, J. J. Davis; Potter, Joseph C. Carson; Spring, Wm. J. Dale; Walker, J. P. Gephart.

The ex-committee was empowered to fill all vacancies in the board of Vice Presidents.

After singing, the third subject was taken up, and discussed by Messrs. Fortney, Rev. Hackenburg and others. A Superintendent genial, good natured, self possessed, but, not dogmatic, able, progressive, prompt, energetic inventive, symmetrical in mind and character, social, of good judgment, and of devoted piety.

The following answers were given to questions proposed:

1. About 80 Sunday schools in the county.
2. None but good men and women should be employed as teachers.
3. Rewards may be offered if found necessary to receive interest and attendance.
4. Women should be permitted to speak at Sunday school conventions; if they wish to induce them to speak, caution them to keep silence. Closed with music by the choir and prayer by Rev. Grop.

Sixth session—Thursday evening; Rev. Hackenburg in the chair, opened with devotional exercises.

The annual report was read by the Secretary; which was replete with valuable statistical information. From the report we gather the statistics:

No. of scholars in the County	4,816
" " Male teachers	333
" " Female teachers	378
" " Schools holding a teachers meeting	18
" " Schools reporting	63
Estimated No. of inhabitants in County	40,000
No. of persons in the County in Sunday school	7,040
Estimated No. of inhabitants in County	40,000
Percentage of persons under 21 years, in Sunday school	34

Music—Is it what it ought to be? was discussed by Messrs. Beaver, Myer, Stitzer, and others.

Closed with singing and prayer.

Seventh session—Thursday morning: H. L. Harvey in the chair, opened with devotional exercises.

At what period and under what circumstances is it desirable that young persons be removed from the senior class to becom teachers? Discussed by Rev. Aurand, Beaver and Rev. Hackenburg.

Is it desirable to hold teachers meetings; If so, how shall we secure attendance and interest. Discussed by Prof. R. M. Magee and others.

Prof. Makee, of Agricultuarl College, inquired if uniform lessons were of any advantage, if no teachers meeting were held; it was still deemed advantageous. The blackboard could be used more advantageously; a leading thought in the lesson could be taken as a theme. Hymns, prayers etc., bear on the subject; absence of teachers, better remedied by putting classes together—singing. Third topic, character of our Sunday school literature, was opened by Rev. Williams, who stated that Sabath school literature should be simple, impressive, interesting, attractive, not contravene divine truth—have a tendency to lead children to Jesus.

Dr. Vantries seemed to favor old established books, such as Baxter's Call, Flavel's Method of Grace, &c. For many of our books of a light trifling nature, tend to create a thirst for novel reading; God has not promised to bless such means.

Rev. Miller took a more favorable view of Sunday school literature, though most of the books had a moral truth to inculkate. They must be of such a nature, as to interest children. The discussion was continued with great interest by Rev. Hackenburg, Beaver and others.

Bellefonte was selected as the place, and the 1st Tuesday of June as the time of holding the next annual convention.

It was resolved, to hold three special institutes during the year. Philipsburg, Boalsburg and Aaronsburg were chosen as the places of holding said institutes. The ex-committee was empowered to call a fourth meeting if deemed proper; Rev. Cleaver, Hackenburg, Wylie and H. L. Harvey, were chosen as members of the executive committee.

Eighth session—Thursday afternoon; Gen. Beaver in the chair, opened with singing and prayer.

Dr. Vantries offered the following: Resolved, that this convention cordially recommend to the friends of Sabbath schools in the different townships and boroughs of the County, the propriety of making an effort to establish township and district associations in their several localities.

At 3 o'clock schildren's meeting was held A large and interesting number of children were assembled. They were addressed by Gen. Beaver and Rev. Hackenberg.

The thanks of the convention were tendered to the citizens of Centre Hall, for their hospitality.

Convention adjourned to meet at Bellefonte on the first Tuesday of June, 1871.

T. H. T. SAHM,
Rec. Secretary.

HOME INDUSTRY.—The true doctrine of the country is protection to American labor, and it is a doctrine that every intelligent and honest laboring man and mechanic should support. How the mechanics of our town *squirm* if some of our capitalists happen to employ a mechanic from a neighboring county, and it is right that they should. Protect and support home industry, home talent, home genius and skill, is our doctrine. Support your own mechanics, and the mechanics will support you. This mutual support is what will build up a town. The same principle extended is what makes a nation wealthy, great, strong and prosperous. We were lead to these reflections while visiting several jobs of plastering and white-washing done by Mr. O. B. Lambert. As a white-washer and plasterer he has no superior now in the business in this town.

SYNOD.—The Presbyterian Synod will meet in this place on the 28th inst. As no person has come to report the particulars to us, of course we cannot give them. We suppose that there will be from 150 to 200 preachers in town and perhaps over a thousand people who are members of, or friendly to, that church. A committee of which Wm. P. Wilson is chairman have been busily engaged for a week past, in securing places in private families, for the accommodation of preachers and others during the continuance of the Synod. The preachers will be well provided for, this, from our knowledge of our people, we have no hesitancy in guaranteeing. We pity the women and the spring chickens.

We have not learned when the church will be dedicated, nor do we know who is attending to this business.

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly
BELLEFONTE, June 22, 1870.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 10
Red wheat	1 05
Barley	50
Shelled corn	75
Oats	40
Rye per bushel	75
Buckwheat per bushel	75
Clover seed "	to 5 00
Plaster ₱ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Levi A. Miller.

Apples, dried, per lb	$10@12
Peaches, dried, per "	15@20
Cherries, dried, per lb	15
Beans per quart	15
Butter per lb	20
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	8@10
Cheese per lb	25
Hams per lb	24
Bacon	60@15
Lard per lb	18
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes per bushel	30
Dried Beef	28
Pork fresh	12
Beef, (steak)	20@25
Beef, (ronst)	18@20

Milroy Markets.

Corrected Weekly by George Rymyer & Sons.
MILROY, PA., June 22, 1870.

White Wheat ₱ bushel	$1 15
Red " "	1 12
Rye ₱ bushel	70
Oats, (new)	42
Corn	85
Barley	65
Flaxseed	2 00
Cloverseed	7 00
Plaster, (Ground)	12 00
Plaster, (Stone)	10 00
Salt in sacks	2 50
Salt in bbls	3 25 @ 3 50
Limeburners Coal	4 50
Stove Coal, (Wilkes Barre)	6 00

DIED.

HOFFMAN—On the 13th inst., near Jacksonville, John Hoffman, aged 28, years.

BECK—On the 5th of June at Jacksonville, Miss Elizabeth Beck.

STOVER—On the 27th, of May, at Jacksonville, Miss Mary Ann Stover.

MARRIED.

VANVALIN—ALEXANDER—On the 7th inst., at the residence of brides parents, at Unionville, Pa., by Rev. J. W. Cleaver, Mr. Waldo C. Vanvalin, and Miss Jennie C. Alexander, both of Unionville.

With the above notice we received a large cake and good as it was large. The happy couple we have no doubt will have a felicitous journey through life, from the fact that they remembered the printer. Beginning right is more than half of lifes battle and is certain to bring peace, happiness and comfort unalloyed. May this happy couple live to enjoy many years of connubial bliss and when they have lived the number of years alloted to man, may they find an eternity of happiness in the home of the re-deemed.

RHOADS—ECKLY—On the 2nd inst., at the M. E. Parsonage, by Rev. Jas. Mullin, Mr. W. Rhoads and Miss Libby M. Eckly, both of Bellefonte.

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, &c.

NEW STORE.

LEVI A. MILLER,

ATRUNKLE'S OLD STAND

,OPPOSITE THE IRON,FRONT,

On Allegheny Street,

Having purchased the interest of Jerre Butts, now proposes doing business for himself. His stock of

TOBACCOS OF ALL GRADES

GROCERIES of the FRESHEST DESCRIPTION,

BOOTS

From the most distinguished New York Manufacturers;

SYRUPS, SUGARS, VINEGAR, ETC., ETC.

Is extensive and selected with great care.

He will sell cheap,
None but the best,
Everything in its time and
Respectfully asks Patronage.

v2n5-1y.

SECHLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

FRUITS, NUTS AND CONFECT

Farm and Household.

Wednesday Morning, June 22, 1870.

Proper Use of Manure.

The following communication of the late President of the Bucks County Agricultural Society to the Editor of the Bucks County Intelligencer, comprises some valuable practical facts and hints suggested from his own experience:

"I have been much interested in the remarks of my friend Isaac Eyer, of Middletown, in reference to the use of lime and stable manure. If our intelligent farmers, like friend Eyer, would send to our county papers their experience in raising good crops and state also the method best to adopt in doing so, our farmers would in this way mutually enlighten each other, and no small amount of practical information in the cause of agricultural be elicited.

"In the use of stable manure I have always advocated the advantage of hauling out, as far as practicable, fresh made manure immediately after wheat seeding in the fall, and I have always found that where I put the first load of manure in the autumn I had the best corn in the ensuing year. Indeed if I was now a practical or operative farmer I think I should haul out all the manure I could make immediately from the stables to the ground to be cultivated for corn in the ensuing spring. Let it decompose in the field instead of the barn yard. This plan of course would reduce the amount of manure for a time to be used for wheat after harvest, and also break up some old established plans of farming in the past. Let it do so. Cultivate more corn well and less wheat, and in a few years you would be astonished to see the increase in the corn crop per acre; and there need not be much falling off in the wheat crop, for twenty acres well put in will produce as much if not more than twice that amount when not properly prepared by the use of manure and good cultivation. I have always found that I succeeded better in raising wheat by ploughing down a clover sod, even if I used no other fertilizer. I think if our farmers would sow more clover and use more lime, there would soon be no lack of barn yard manure for all purposes of the farm.

"Not to spin out a long article, where I intended to write but a few lines, let me say in conclusion that there is often a great waste of lime in its application to our soil. I have had thirty years, experience in this line. I have used on my homestead farm in that time more than forty thousand bushels, certainly mostly with great advantage. We, however live in a progressive age, and that man lives but to little purpose who does not gain some light as he passes along through the journey of life. I have applied lime from thirty to one hundred bushels or more per acre, and in almost every way. In some cases, one in particular my corn crop was injured by the use of too much lime at one time. I gave one of our limeburners permission to haul out on the field a lot of lime from his kiln. Anxious to make against me a large bill, he gave the field an excessive dose, and for that year my corn did not do as well as usual; but the field showed the effects of the lime in after years. I have now settled down to the belief that thirty or forty bushels of good lime per acre, spread as soon as slacked, is all sufficient, and that the best time to apply it is on a wheat stubble late in the fall. This will add much to the next crop of grass the lime will keep near the surface for a longer time and be of more permanent value than any other method of application. Still, if I could not apply lime in this way, I would nevertheless get it on my soil in some way. It would not fail to do good. With the free use of lime, barn yard manure and clover, that farm must be a poor one that will not soon be made so fertile as to blossom as the rose. Yours respectfully, "WILLIAM STAVELY.

Oiling Farm Implements.

Every farmer should have a can of linseed oil and a brush on hand, and whenever he buys a new tool, he should soak it well with the oil and dry it by the fire or in the sun, before using.—The wood by this treatment is toughened and strengthend, and rendered impervious to water. Wet a new hay-rake, and when it dries, it will begin to be loose in the joints; but if well oiled the wet will have but slight effect. Shovels and forks are preserved from checking and cracking in the top of the handle by oiling; the wood becomes smooth as glass by use, and is far less liable to blister the hand when longed used. Axe and hammer handles often break off where the wood enters the iron; this part particularly should be toughened with oil, to secure durability. Oiling the wood in the eye of the axe will prevent its swelling and shrinking, and sometimes getting loose. The tools on a large farm cost a large sum of money; they should be of the most approved kind. It is a poor economy at the present extravagant prices for labor, to set men at work with ordinary old-fashioned implements. Laborers should be required to return their tools to the convenient places provided for them; after using, they should be put away clean and bright. The mold-boards of ploughs are apt to get rusty from one season to another, even if sheltered; they should be brushed over with a few drops of oil when put away, and will then remain in good order till wanted.—*Farm Journal.*

Manure is never so valuable as when it is fresh. It then holds in association not only all the fixed soluble substances natural to the solid excrement but much that is of great value, found only in the liquid. It is in a condition to quickly undergo chemical change, and the gaseous, ammoniacal products secured are double those resulting from that which has been *weathered* in a heap out of doors for several months.—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

Reports from all parts of Illinois give the most hopeful account of the crops, which are fully three weeks ahead of the usual growth. Corn is up and almost ready for the cultivator.

Save the Currant Bushes.

During the entire month of June, in our latitude, and sometimes in July, little white worms, about one inch long, will be making havoc with the tender leaves of currant bushes and the leaves of goosberry bushes. Thousand of people have had long rows of valuable bushes so completely denuded of the tender foliage, that every bush has died. In many instances, bushes have been dug up, and root and branch burned to ashes, with a view of exterminating these destructive pests, which will avail nothing.

The worms are hatched from very small white eggs, which are deposited by a fly, on the under side of the tender leaves. After three or four days, small worms appear, which are barely perceptible to the naked eye, which immediately commence devouring the tender leaves. When the worms are a few days old, they will have eaten numerous holes in the leaves. They increase in size with wonderful rapidity, so that in a few days the bushes will be completely stripped of every leaf. Crushing every worm between the thumb and fingers, is a tedious, but certain remedy; and sprinkling a very small quantity of the powder of *White hellebore (veratrum album)* over the leaves, will destroy every worm in a few minutes. Three or four spoonsfull, costing a dime or two at a drug store, will be sufficient to sprinkle a row of bushes one hundred feet long. Let the powder be put in a pepper box, or a florist's dredging box; then dust it lightly over the leaves. Let the bushes be turned up and the tops bent over sideways as the dust is applied to the leaves. The smallest atom will give the depredators all sorts of fits, which will prove fatal in a few minutes. Bushes should be examined frequently, by turning up the leaves, to see if any eggs have been deposited. The hellebore will not injure the leaves nor the fruit.

REMEDY FOR SPAVIN ON THE LEGS OF HORSES.—Prof. James Law, Veterinary Surgeon to the New York State Agricultural Society, furnishes the following:—When spavin is recet, and attended with much lameness, and local heat and tenderness, soothing measures should be first adopted. Let the shoe have a level bearing, and rest the animal, giving a smooth floor to stand on. Keep a wet bandage around the hock for at least ten days, covering it with a dry one to prevent undue cooling. Give a dose of laxative medicine, and feed, partially at least, on bran mashes and roots. After ten days, cut off the hair on the inner side of the hock, and apply the following: Biniodide of mercury, two drachms; lard, one ounce. Rub in for five minutes; tie up the horse's head for twenty-four hours, and then, if it has well risen, and if the exudation begins to trickle down the leg, wash off with soap and water, and apply daily a little tincture of arnica. A second, and even a third, blister may be required after the effects of the previous one have passed off. Obstinate cases may require firing, or even a surgical operation, for the removal of lameness; but these can only be safely applied by a professional man. A rest of six weeks or two months is required to allow of the consolidation of the new deposit.

THINNING FRUIT.—Thinning out young fruit is an important consideration, and must not be overlooked, if we would maintain the fruitfulness of the orchard and produce the best results. The later varieties require thinning more especially, and for the want of, it would suffer more than the summer varieties that are sooner releived of their burden. The time of thianing, is when they are the size of hickory nuts or less. The precise time when it is best to thin can only be ascertained by experience. Young pear trees that are disposed to produce fruit when they are only three or four years old, should have it all pinched off early in the summer, except three or four specimens for testing the quality.

A GOOD FARMER.—N. Austin Smith, of Sunderland, Mass., raised last year, 70 square rods of mangolds and sugar beets, the produce of a single rob of which was 533 pounds, equal to 37,310 pounds for the 70 rods, or 85,280 pounds to an acre. He fed them to his neat stock and swine and milch cows. Computng the aggregate number of pounds at 60 pounds per bushel, the product of one acre will equal about 1,421 bushels. We are credibly informed that Mr. Smith scrupulously excludes the very exhausting and pernicious crop of tobacco from his farm. Those tillers of the soil who cultivate the "vile weed," cannot boast of such abundant crops

William Young, an extensive fruit grower of Reading, has a very simple remedy for curculio. He picks up the fallen fruit, or shakes the tree and the fruit infected with the curculio falls at once to the ground, and then he burns it. Fire is the only enemy and destroyer of the curculio that he knows of. The infected fallen fruit being left upon the ground, the curculio spreads and multiplies to an incalculable extent. He estimates the quantity of curculio in a single quart of fruit at 400, and in a bushel at the enormous number of 14,000.

IRON BIRD HOUSES.—Who, among all the readers of the *Observer*, can tell us whether the feathered songsters of the grove have ever been known to inhabit and iron house? We have had a costly and beautiful iron bird house in an excellent place for birds, for two years, and birds in large numbers, during both summer and winter, come into the yard below and all around the house; but a bird has never been seen to pass nearer to this little Gothic structure; than it would approach a den of adders. We have thus far been unable to learn that birds have ever built a nest in any kind of a house made of iron.—*N. Y. Observer.*

The manufacture of salt in Michigan dates only from July, 1860, and four thousand barrels were made in that year. In 1861 the number of barrels made was 125,000. In 1865 the amount made was 477,200 barrels.—The manufacture for 1869 amounted to 577,569 barrels, involving employed capital to the sum of $2,432,500.

The extesnive peach orchards that in former years were cultivated around Norfolk Va., have given place to strawberry patches, covering 1,200 acres and yielding nearly 5,000,000 quarts of berries.

You cannot dream yourself into a character; you must hammer and forge yourself into one.

DRY GOODS, &c.

LOEB, MAY & LOEB.

Thankful for past favors, we adopt this method of informing our friends and the public generally, that we have just received from the eastern cities, our

SECOND INSTALLMENT

of a well selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Clothing, Boots,
Shoes, Notions,

Queensware, Wooden and Willow Ware, &c.

We are selling

Goods at greatly reduced prices, and assure the people of Centre county that

IT WILL BE TO THEIR INTEREST

to call at our New Store Room and examine our Stock.

WE LABOR TO PLEASE.

WE STRIVE TO ACCOMMODATE ALL,

and we are determined

not to Disappoint the Expectations of the people, or suffer ourselves

TO BE UNDERSOLD

in this Market. A cordial invitation is extended to all to call at our new building on

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

LOEB, MAY & LOEB.

v2n18-1y.

PHILADELPHIA STORE!

KELLER & MUSSER.

ANOTHER NEW STORE.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

KELLER & MUSSER have just received from the Eastern Cities, the best, cheapest, largest, as well as the best assorted stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever brought to Bellefonte. Superior inducements are now therefore offered to purchasers at the PHILADELPHIA STORE, in *BROCKERHOFF'S BLOCK, Bishop St.*

FOR THE LADIES.

We have a well selected and fine assortment of ladies goods, which cannot be surpassed in this market

FOR GENTLEMEN.

We have cloths, Cassimers, Settinetts, Tweed, Meltons, Water-proof Cloth, of all colors, Silk, Satin, and common Vestings, etc., in great variety, and at prices that will give general satisfaction to buyers.

READY MADE CLOTHING

Our ready made Clothing consists of Dress coats, of various qualities and prices, Plain and Fancy Vests, Gentlemen's Shirts, Handkerchiefs, neck ties, &c., &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Brown Muslins, Drillings, Sheeting, Table-Cloths &c.

QUEENSWARE

Our stock of Queensware, cannot be excelled either in quality or prices.

Thankful for the leberal patronage we have received from the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, we earnestly solicit the continuance of the same. We extend a cordial invitation, the public to call and examine our stock. KELLER & MUSSER.

ja 5'70-1y.

COMPLETION OF THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

GREAT RUSH TO STERNBERG'S.

Sung to the Tune of Yankee Doodle.

The Great Pacific Railroad's laid,
From ocean unto ocean,
And now comple connection's made,—
An enterprising notion.

The mighty work at last is done,
So speedily and brisk, oh!
And now in ten days we can run
From here to San Francisco.

No more we take the ancient route,
The stage, a horrid slow thing;
It banged the passengers about,
And wore out all their clothing.

CHORUS, for the end of each verse:

The Great Pacific Railroad's laid,
From ocean unto ocean,
And we buy clothes from A. STERNBERG,
A most delightful notion.

Through passengers by the Pacific Railroad will call at the store of A. Sternberg, before starting, and provide themselves with a complete outfit of the elegant and substantial Spring and Summer Clothing, the very best assortment of which will always be found at A. Sternberg's Store.

People who travel by other routes, and also people who, instead of traveling by any route at all, prefer to stay at home, can find the most superior and seasonable garments, for every occasion, of every variety, and at the lowest prices.

Do not fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere; if you do not, we are sure you will be sorry that you did not. Our goods are put down to the lowest figure. We sell whole suits, according to quality,

RANGING FROM $6.50 TO $18.00

—the very best.

A. STERNBERG,
Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

my25'69-1y.

NEW GOODS AND NEW PRICES!!

HIGH RATES RUBBED OUT!

GOODS AT OLD FASHIONED PRICES.

HOFFER & BRO'S.

Would respectfully inform their old friends, that they are daily receiving a large

STOCK OF GOODS OF ALL KINDS,

which they are offering at the very lowest market price.

DRY GOODS!

Consisting of the latest styles of FIGURED AND PLAIN ALPACAS, Figured and plain al Wool Delaine.

Shepherd Plaids, Black Silks, Summer Silks, Irish Poplins, White Goods White Counterpanes, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Checks, Ginghams, Bedticks, Flannels, &c., &c., &c.

Shepherd Plaid Balmorals, Black Cloth, Cassimeres, Velvetine, Corduroy, Kentucky Jeans, Drills, Ladies Cloaking, Plain Colors, Middlesex Cloths,

AND PLAIDS OF VARIOUS COLORS.

A full line of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, and Vesting, all kinds and prices, which willbe sold cheap. We have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of all kinds of

CROCKERY,
GROCERIES,
MACKERREL,
SALT, &c

Which we will dispose of at the lowest cash prices.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the *highest marke. prices allowed*

FRIENDS AWAKE TO YOUR INTEREST

For we feel satisfied that we can suit you TASTES as well as your PURSES.

ja5'70. 1y

$900.—WANTED an active man, in each County in the States, to travel and take orders by sample, for TEA, COFFEE, and SPICES. To suitable men we will give a salary or $900 to $1,000 a year above traveling and other expenses, and a reasonable commission on sales.

Immediate applications are solicited from proper parties. References exchanged. Apply to, or address immediately.

J. PACKER & CO.,
"Continental Mills"
n2v17-4t. 334 Bowery, N. Y.

HORSE SHOES, best make at IRVIN & WILSON'S

DRY GOODS, &c.

HARPER BRO'S.

A LARGE STOCK NEW GOODS

AT

HARPER BROTHERS,

Just received, a fresh and varied assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

For Fall and Winter Wear.

SHAWLS AND CLOAKINGS!

All of the latest patterns

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings; also a large stock

OF LADIES AND CHILDRENS SHOES,

MEN'S & BOYS

HATS AND CAPS.

We have also some fine Carpets and Matting, and as good a stock of

STAPLE GROCERIES

As can be found in Bellefonte. We have a good stock of

HOOP SKIRTS, LINEN CLOTHING, &c.

Call and examine our Goods and Prices.

v2n1-1y.

1870 CRASH! SMASH! BANG! CRASH! SMASH! BANG! 1870.

WHAT DREADFUL NOISE AND UPROAR IS THAT?

It is the tumbling of the prices of goods, and the rush of customers at the store of

ZIMMERMAN BRO'S & CO.

They have just received a large stock of

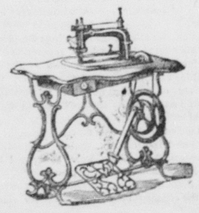
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

of every description, which they are selling at as low prices as

BEFORE THE WAR.

No use trying to mention what they have it would require this entire page. Just go and see them and get their prices before purchasing. They charge nothing for showing goods.

Come one, come all, both short and tall,
And see the monstrous Dry Goods Hall,



We are Agents for the justly celebrated American Button Hole Overseaming Sewing Machine.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE AGE!

It is light running, Simple, Durable, does not easily get out of order, and does more kinds of work than any other Machine made.

Price of Combination Machine with cover..$75
" Plain Machine, without Buttonhole attachment, with cover..... 60

Don't forget the place. Come and see

ZIMMERMAN BRO'S & CO.

oct6'69-y. BELLEFONTE, PA.

DO NOT FORGET.

That the place to

BUY CHEAP GOODS

CALICOES,
DELAINES,
SILKS,
SATINS,
BROADCLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
CASSINETS,
BLANKETS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Of Men and Boys, is at

JOHN W. COOKE'S

CHEAP CASH STORE,

Reynold's Arcade, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Penn'a.

Wa started out on the principles of "Small Profits and Quick Returns," and how well we have succeeded is known to everybody.

OUR GLASSWARE, QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE,

are of the very best quality, and are sold at the

MOST REASONABLE RATES.

We pay at all times the highest cash price for Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn and Barley. We most cordially invite everybody to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere. Do not forget the place.

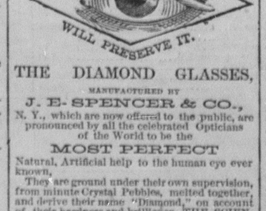
REYNOLD'S ARCADE, ALLEGHENY STR'T

BELLEENNTE, PA.

v2n1-1y. J. W. COOKE.

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT!

FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!!



THE DIAMOND GLASSES,

MANUFACTURED BY

J. E. SPENCER & CO.,

N. Y., which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the World to be the

MOST PERFECT

Natural, Artificial help to the human eye ever known,

They are ground under their own supervision, from minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name "Diamond," on account of their hardness and brilliancy. THE SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLE on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of light, dizziness, &c., peculiar to all others in use. They are *Mounted in the Finest Manner*, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose. *THEIR FINISH AND DURABILITY* cannot be surpassed.

CAUTION.—None genuine unless bearing their trade mark stamped on every frame.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

Jeweler and Optician, is Sole Agent for

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.,

From whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to Peddlars at any price.

v2n22-1y.

DAUCHY & CO.

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains *no poison*. Anyone can use it. One sent by mail for $1

Address MAGIC COMB CO.,
v2n20-3m. Springfield, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE FOR,

Rev. Alferd. Barnes'

NEW BOOK, SALES IMMENSE.

Business for Everybody. Pays $50 to $300 per Month.

Send for Circulars to ZEIGLER, McCURDE & CO. 16 S. South St., Philadelphia, Pa.

n2v23-4t.

$84 PER DAY. AGENTS WANTED everywhere for HENRY WARD BEECHER'S Great Paper, "the Christian Union," with which is Given Away that superb and world-renowned work of art, Marshall's Household Engraving of

WASHINGTON.

The best paper and grandest engraving in America. Agents report "making $17 in half a day. 'Sales easier than books, and profits greater.' Wide awake Agents, Teachers, Clergymen and others, male or female should send at once for copy of paper and full particulars of this entirely new and unprecedented combination, in which there is more money than any thing now offered.

J. B. FORD & CO., 39 Park Row, N. Y.

n2v23-3t.

MATTHEW HALE SMITH'S NEW BOOK. Twenty Years Among The

BULLS AND BEARS

OF WALL STREET.

550 Pages Finely Illustrated. Price 2,50

It shows the mysteries of stock and gold gambling, and the miseries of unfortunate speculation, and expose the swindles, tricks and frauds of operators. It tells how millions are made lost in a day, how shrewd men are ruined, how "corners" are made in grain and produce, how women speculate on the street, etc. Agents wanted. We pay Freight West. Send for terms.

J. B. BURR & CO., HARTFORD, Conn.

n2v23-4t.

IN EVERY WAY WORTHY OF

ATTENTION.

THE great advantages we possess, as the result of a large, well-established and successful business, with an experience of more than twenty-five years, enable us to offer inducements to all who are about to become purchasers of

Ready-Made Clothing

second to no establishment in the country. Our garments are all made of the best materials, carefully selected; nothing unsound or in any way imperfect is made up at all, even in the lowest grades of goods. It is a well-established fact among clothiers, that our Ready-Made Clothing, in every thing that goes to make a superior garment, is unequalled by any stock of goods in Philadelphia.

Our assortment is so large and varied that every one can be fitted at once, without delay. Our prices are always guaranteed as low, or lower, than the lowest elsewhere. We have also a fine assortment of

Goods in the Piece,

which will be made up to order, in the best manner, and at prices much lower than are usually charged for Garments made to order.

Gentlemen visiting Philadelphia, can, by having their measure registered on our books, have samples of goods forwarded, with price lists, by mail, at any time, and garments, either made to order or selected from our Ready-Made Stock, forwarded by express, which will be guaranteed to fit correctly.

BENNETT & CO.

Tower Hall, 518 Market St.

Half way between Fifth and Sixth Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

v2n24.

THE GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY!

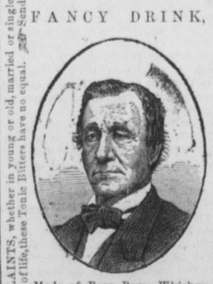
DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS.

MORE THAN 500,000 PERSONS Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,



Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey Proof Spirits, and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true medicine, made from the native Roots and Herbs of California free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator, of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

Cause the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleance it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins: cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

In Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, these Bitters have no equal. For full directions read carefully the circular around each bottle, priated in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER. Prop'r. 32 Commerce, St., N. Y. R. A. McDONALD & CO., Druggists, and general Agents, San Francisco and Sacramento, California, and 32 & 34 Commerce St., N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

v2n13-3m.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Bitters are unequaled. No Female Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion, or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Viscereal Organs.

FURNITURE.

S. H. WILLIAMS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

COTTAGE FURNITURE,

All kinds of

TURNED WORK

Furnished to the trade at

CITY PRICES.

Also

TURNED PALINGS,

BALUSTERS,

and HAND RAILING

Furnished to Builders.

Upholstering, Repairing Furniture and everything pertaining to the business promptly attended to.

Factory near Blanchard & Co's., Planing Mill.

UNDERTAKING

We also make COFFINS, and attend funerals at the most

ELEGANT HEARSE,

ever in this part of the country.

Ware Rooms:

OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE.

BELLEFONTE, PA

v1n23-1y.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

JOHN BRECHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of Mattrasses, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads &c. A very fine selection of

WALL PAPER,

will always be found at low prices.

v2n22-1y.

FURNITURE WARE ROOM.

Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

WHERE BUREAUS, SOFAS, LOUNGES, HAT RACKS, WHAT-NOTS, EXTENSION TABLES, STANDS, CHAIRS, STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale *cheaper* than at other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready made Coffins, of all sizes and price kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

ja5'70.1y. H. P. HARRIS.

TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON STORE.

THE OLDEST

TIN-WARE ESTABLISHMENT IN

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

The undersigned hereby desires to call the attention of his many patrons, and the entire people of Centre Co., that he manufactures

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

Cheaper and on a larger scale than ever.—He keeps constantly for sale,

Tin Buckets, Wash Boilers,
Coffee Boilers, Fruit Cans,
Dish Pans, Lard Cans.
Wash Basins, Coal Oil Cans,
Stove-pipe of the best Russia, and other iron, constantly on hand.

Particular attention paid to

ROOFING AND SPOUTING.

All work warranted. Give us a call.

WM. S. WOLF,
ja5'70.1y. Allegheny Street.

FOUNDRY.

LOGAN FOUNDRY,

NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT.

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

I am happy to inform the people of Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make House Castings; such as Sash Weights, Cellar window Grates, &c., of all sizes. Grist and Saw Mill Castings, Sled Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also EGG STOVES, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Frames, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every variety of Castings kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders fille d promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.

ja5'70.1y GZO. A. BAYARD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANYBODY AND EVERYBODY

who are in debt to

A. STERNBERG

are requested to

MAKE SETTLEMENT WITHOUT FAIL,

as this firm has determined

TO CLOSE OUT ENTIRELY

AT FIRST COST,

without any reserve whatever.

We intend to quit business here, and as we ARE DETERMINED TO

CLOSE OUT EVERYTHING,

Purchasers will save from

25 to 30 per CENT.,

as we intend to sell at

PHILADELPHIA COST PRICE.

Call and see!

ADOLPH STERNBERG.

nov.17'69-tf.

CANNED FRUITS, peaches, tomatoes, pine apples, and peas in great variety, etc., at BURSIDE & THOMAS.

PLANING MILLS.

W. V HUGHES,

(Successor to Holmes & Company,)

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand White & Yellow Pine Flooring,

Weatherboarding, of various styles,

Sash,

Blinds,

Doors,

Moulding,

Brackets,

Scroll Sawing of every description

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

Orders from

Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,

and the trade generally solicited.

W. V. HUGHES,

v2n12-1y. Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa.

H. M. MACKEY..... WM. C. WILKEY.
P. H. HOUPT.

MILESBURG PLANING MILL.

MACKEY & COMPANY

having leased the above named Planing-mill, and added largely to its facilities for turning out first-class work, we are prepared to furnish

FLOORING, DOORS, BLINDS,

SASH, SHUTTERS, BRACKETS,

SCROLL WORK,

and manufactured lumber of every description, at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All manner of work, such as Scroll-sawing Moulding, Brackets, &c., made after any desired pattern.

ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

This company is composed of practicable mechanics, and Samuel Adams, one of the Co., has been foreman of the Bellefonte Planing Mill since its commencement.

Connected with the Mill, and in operation at all times, is one of the latest improved

COKE-DRYING KILNS,

which leaves the lumber in a perfectly healthy state, assists in preserving it, and, in fact, adds to its lasting qualities, while other methods of drying deteriorate, and render it more liable

TO DECAY AND WASTE.

Lumber dried in a coke-kiln, is dried perfectly, and when worked and put up, will not

SHRIVEL AND SHRINK,

thus giving buildings the appearance of having been erected out of Green Material

We know that our facilities give us every advantage over other

PLANING MILLS IN THIS SECTION,

and we feel perfectly free in saying that our work will be guaranteed to be of

A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

We will furnish anything in our line from a door panel, to a

WHOLE HOUSE,

and at such prices, as cannot but prove to be an inducement to

THOSE DESIRING TO BUILD.

All orders promptly filled, and a fair share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

MACKEY & COMPANY,
ap'121,'69-1y. Milesburg, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD

EXCELS ALL OTHER LEAD.

1st—For its unrivaled Whiteness.
2d—For its unequalled Durability.
3d—For its Unsurpassed covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

Being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the World. Buy only

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

TRY IT, AND BE CONVINCED.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

BUCK COTTAGE COLORS,

Prepared expressly for Painting

Cottages, Out-Buildings of every description, Fences, &c. Thirty-five different colors. Durable, cheap, uniform and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.

N. W Cor. 10th and Market Sts., Philad'a.

v2n81y.

C. T. FRYBERGER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

BALTIMORE SPUN ROLL,

SIX TWIST,

NAVY, lb and 1-3 lb.

Cut and Dry Smoking Tobacco of all kinds; also Segars of all grades and prices from $13.50 per thousand upwards.

PIPES, SEGAR CASES,

All of the various kinds of articles usually kept in a Tobacco Store. Goods will be sold wholesale at Manufacturer's prices. Give me a trial.—I invite all to come and see for themselves.

Store—Opposite the Brokerhoff House.

v2n4-1y.

THE HAND-IN-HAND MUTUAL Life Insurance Company wants a number of good Agents; also, a good General Agent for Pittsburg and vicinity, also, a General Agent for the German counties of Pennsylvania. Address Home Office, No. 112 South 4th St., Phil'a. r.2v20-4t.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 24, Fultonville, N. York. v2n20-4w

HARDWARE.

IRWIN & WILSON,

are constantly receiving new goods in their line.

HARDWARE

of every description at reduced prices—now begun opened every day.

LAMPS OF EVERY VARIETY and kind at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

THE ANVIL STORE

is now receiving a large and well assorted Stock of Hardware, Stoves, Nails, Horse Shoes, Saddlery, Glass, Paints, Sheet, Bar and Hoop Iron, also Buggy and wagon Stock of every description. Call and supply yourselves at the lowest cash rates. IRWIN & WILSON.

SCALES, AT WHOLESALE and Retail, Cheap, by IRWIN & WILSON.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY, including plated forks, spoons, &c., at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

POCKET CUTLERY—all maket and prices at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

DOUBLE & SINGLE Barrel Fowling Pieces at IRWIN & WILSON'S

BUFFALO SCALES, of the best make, from 4 lb up to 120,000 lbs. IRWIN & WILSON.

CROSS-CUT AND MILL SAWS, best make at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

COFFIN TRIMMINGS, a large assortment at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

HAND BELLS & DOOR BELLS, all sizes and kinds, at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

DRY BOARDS, PLANKS & SCANTLING for sale by IRWIN & WILSON.

JAPANNED TOILET SETTS, and other Japanned Ware, at the Anvil store. IRWIN & WILSON.

SPINDLE SKEINS for wagons, all sizes, at the sign of the Anvil. IRWIN & WILSON.

PARLOR COOK STOVES, Parlor Stoves, and four sizes of Gas Burners constantly on hand and for sale at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

HORN BLANKETS & SLEIGH BELLS, at low prices, at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

UNION PATENT CHURN, the best in use at IRWIN & WILSON'S.

COPPER KETTLES OF DIFFERENT SIZES and weights, direct from the Factory, at low rates by IRWIN & WILSON.

MOULDSINGS—Gilt, Rosewood & Plain Walnut of all sizes for frames. IRWIN & WILSON.

v2n1-1y.

HARDWARE HARDWARE!

NO. 5, BROKERHOFF'S ROW!

J. & J. HARRIS—THE PLACE TO BUY.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the community that they have opened a complete

STOCK OF HARDWARE.

comprising all varieties of goods in the line which they

WILL SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Their stock consists of all sorts of building hardware, table and pocket cutlery, carpenters', mason's, plasterer's and blacksmith's tools, and materials, nails, iron, horse-shoes, and horse-shoe nails, rope tackle,

FORKS, CHAINS, SHOVELS, AXES,

GRIND-STONES, etc., etc.

Housekeeper's goods, saddlery, carriage trimmings, etc., etc., with all sorts and sizes of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

and the different parts thereof, together with a complete assortment of the best

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, &c.

They hope,

BY STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

and a constant care for the

ACCOMMODATION OF CUSTOMERS

to merit and receive a

SHARE OF THE PUBLIC PATRONAGE.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and EXAMINE THEIR STOCK.

J. & J. HARRIS,
No. 5, Brokerhoff's Row.

ja5'70.1y.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

NEW BOOK STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Book, Stationery & News Emporium.

JACOB D. MILLER

Has purchased the Book, Stationary and News establishment of Kinsloe and Brother on Allegheny street, near the Diamond, to which he has just added a large invoice of goods, such as is generally kept in a well conducted Book and Stationery Store. His stock consists of Theological, Medical, Law, Miscellaneous, Sunday School and School Books, Time Books, Pass Books, and Diaries, Every grade and price of Cap, Legal, Bill, Letter, Bath and Note Paper, fine French Paper, Envelopes of every description and Price, Pens, Inks, Inkstands, Erasers, Rubber bands, transparent and common Slates, Slate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Crayons, &c.

—ALSO—

Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, and Sheet Music, a large supply of Legal and Justices Blanks, constantly on hand. Also U. S. Internal Revenue Stamps at face. He is also Wholesale Agent for Lochman's Celebrated Writing Fluid.

Country merchants would do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I can sell at manufacturers prices. ja5'70.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF

TEAS AND COFFEES

TO CONFORM TO

PRICE OF GOLD

Increased Facilities to Club Organizers. Send for New Price List.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.

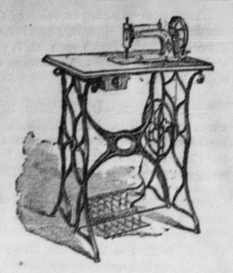
(P. O. Box 5643.) 31 & 33 Ness, St., New York.

n2v25-4t.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SEWING MACHINE.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE



Among sewing machines, those made by the Singer Manufacturing Com any ranks with the highest. Their manufacturing machines, have long been known as the best for manufacturing purposes. But within the past few years, they have given special attention to the production of a

FAMILY MACHINE,

destined to win much favor in the

HOUSEHOLD.

The machine which they now offer is quite light-running, simple, fast, noiseless